The Standard AND RIVER PLATE NEWS.

No 2,992—Twelfth Year — BUENOS AYRES, WEDNESDAY, MAY 8, 1872. — Circulation, 3000.

MAUA BANK,
101—103 CALLE CANGALLO

The Offices of this Bank having been removed to the above spacious building, in order to suit the increasing flow of business, the public is informed that the following transactions are carried on in currency and specie in this Bank:—

First—Bills and obligations with good signatures are discounted on conventional terms.

Second—Money is advanced on mercantile and other securities approved of by the Manager.

Third—Accounts current are opened with Merchants or other parties who may prefer depositing endorsed and transferable securities, against which they may draw up to an amount previously convened under conditions established for such class of operations.

Fourth—Money is received in account current bearing interest from day of deposit, which is accumulated in favor of the parties every three months, the depositors being allowed to retire at any time, by means of chcques, part or the full amount at their wish, save when the quantity exceeds three hundred doubloons or one hundred thousand dollars currency in which case forty-eight hours' previous notice is required to be given to the Treasury of the Bank.

Fifth—Bills or letters of credit are drawn and taken on Montevideo, Rosario, Sta Fé, Salto Oriental, Payssandu, Rio Janeiro, and other places in the Brasils, England and France, as also on other places, of which notice will be given hereafter.

Finally, the Bank undertakes and executes all legitimate transactions within the circle of banking operations.

The establishment is always open from 10 a.m till 3 p.m.

P. P. Maua & Co.
M. A. de Freitas Amorim.

January 1st, 1868.

MAUA BANK
101-103 CALLE CANGALLO

INTEREST FOR CURRENT MONTH.

IN ACCOUNT CURRENT, SPECIE.
For balances in our favor, .. 12 per cent.
For balances in favor of Customers 6 "
IN ACCOUNT CURRENT, PAPER MONEY
For balances in our favor .. .. 12 per cent.
For balances in favor of Customers 6 "
Deposits on 15 days' notice, paper "
Do. do. do. gold "
Do. 30 days' do. paper
Do. do. do. gold
Fixed deposits from

P. P. Maua & Co.,
M. A. de Freitas Amorim.

Jan. 1, 1872.

ROYAL MAIL STEAMPACKET COMPANY.

DIRECT AND QUICKEST ROUTE TO EUROPE.

The Royal Mail Steampacket
DOURO.
Captain THWAITES,
2824 Tons, 600 Horse Power,

Will leave this Port for Southampton, on the 15th MAY, 1872, at four p.m., carrying Her Majesty's Mails, &c., and calling at Montevideo, Rio de Janeiro, Bahia, Pernambuco, St Vincent, and Lisbon.

PASSENGER FARES:
First-class to Southampton.. £35 and upward
Ditto Lisbon..... 32 Ditto
St. Vincent ..... £180 fts
Pernambuco ..... 120 "
Bahia ..... 110 "
Rio de Janeiro ..... 70 "
Montevideo ..... 8 "

SECOND-CLASS PASSENGERS.
These will be conveyed to Lisbon and Southampton at £20 sterling, and to Montevideo at $4.4.

THIRD CLASS-PASSENGERS.
These will be conveyed to Lisbon at £12, and Southampton at the rate of £15 sterling.

RETURN TICKETS.
To and from Southampton or Lisbon, available for twelve months; and St. Vincent or Brazil, available for six months, are granted to First-class Passengers, with a deduction of 25 per cent. on Passage Money.

FAMILIES.
A deduction of one-sixth is made in their favor, when paying the higher rates to Lisbon or Southampton, and when the Passage Money is charged in full, is equal to the amount of four adult cabin passengers.

CHILDREN,
From Three, and under Eight, to pay ¼th.
" Eight " Twelve " ½ "
For those under three years of age one will be carried free, and any other at the rate of three years.

SERVANTS
Accompanying their employers to pay two thirds of the lowest rates established for adult saloon passengers.

FREIGHT.
SPECIE to Brazil, Lisbon and Southampton..... ½ per cent.
" Havre and Paris.. 1 5-16 "
" Montevideo,..... ½ "
PARCELS, not over one cub. foot 7s. 6d
Above one " two " 11s. 6d
" two " three " 15s. 0d
" three " furteen " 6s. per foot
CARGO, as per mutual agreement.
INSURANCE on Freight can be effected if desired.

Passengers are requested to be on board before four on the above-named day, as the Steamer will leave precisely at that hour.

For further particulars please apply to
CHARLES WM. BENN and CO.,
Agents,
No. 49 Calle 25 de Mayo.

Colonia Germania.

ONLY ANGLO-SAXON COLONISTS ADMITTED.

Price of 25 SQUARES, $100 Bol., or $6,000 m|c.

The Establishment is provided with
A STEAM-MILL,
A STEAM-THRASHING MACHINE,
SIX REAPERS,
And other Machinery.

For agricultural purposes there are under Plough about 200 Squares for account of the direction. There are also 4,000 head of cattle. So far, there are settled on the Colony—
Seven Germans, 6 Danes, 1 Englishman, 1 Swede,
And five or six more have already made arrangements for selling.

For further particulars apply at the Colony, or to F. W. Noodenholz, 47 Moreno.

cj—62 6 m a6

LESSONS.

PRIVATE LESSONS IN ENGLISH AND SPANISH.
An accredited and experienced Professor of the above languages desires to obtain select pupils. Terms reasonable. Apply at this Office, or at 296 Calle Esmeralda. ..xp f22

Germann Kleinau,

VETERINARIO.

137 CALLE BELGRANO.

cj—225 xp a24

ALFOMBRAS—Se cosen cortinados para ventanas y puertas, colgaduras para camas ultima moda y todo trabajo perteneciente al ramo de tapicería y colchonería a precios muy baratos, Moreno 70. f147 1m a16

DEPOSITO DE VINOS de Oporto legitimos y superiores en cajones y barriles a precios mas bajos que en ninguna otra parte, por mayor menor, importados p ra este deposito y garantidos legitimos y finos.
Calle de 25 de Maye No. 12 y medio.
f166 1m a17 V.O.A.

IMPROVED PIANOS.

Constructed especially for this climate, guaranteed to be of the finest tone, and finished in the most elegant style,

157—CALLE FLORIDA—157
451 xp j12

SIRVIENTA—Se necesita una en la Calle de Tucuman No. 83. Se prefiere sea Inglesa. Es escusado se presente sin tener recomendacion. 1..39 4p m6

London and River Plate Bank,
(LIMITED.)

London, Buenos Ayres, Montevideo, Rosario, and Cordoba.

Authorised Capital..... £2,000,000 Sterling
Subscribed Capital..... 1,500,000 "
Reserved Fund 145,000

Offices in Buenos Ayres—
CORNER OF CALLE PIEDAD AND RECONQUISTA.

Current Accounts opened with Commercial Firms and private individuals.

Customers have the advantage of having approved Bills discounted—of obtaining Loans upon Negociable Securities, of Depositing Bills Coupons, &c., for Collection—and of lodging Valuable Property in the Treasury of the Bank for custody.

The Bank receives deposits either at sight, for fixed periods, or at seven or thirty days' notice of withdrawal, Interest on which is regulated by the market value of money, the Bank notifying any change in their Rates, by Advertisement in the principal daily papers.

Letters of Credit issued to parties travelling abroad.

Letters of Credit issued to parties for the purpose of purchasing Goods in Europe, the United States, &c., the terms of which can be ascertained on application to the Bank.

Parties wishing to bring out funds to the River Plate, can do so through the medium of the Bank's chief office,
No. 40 MOORGATE-STREET, LONDON, E.C.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE
Issued and Purchased on the following places:—

Montevideo	Antwerp,
Rosario de Santa Fé,	Amsterdam,
Cordoba,	Hamburg,
Valparaiso,	New York.
London,	Rio de Janeiro,
Liverpool,	Genoa.

All the principal Towns of SCOTLAND and IRELAND.

Paris,	Madrid,
Bordeaux,	Barcelona,
Marseilles,	Vigo,
Bayonne,	Corunna,
Cadiz,	Santander.
Naples,	Bilbao.
	Havre.

G. E. MASCHWITZ—J. E. NAYLOR,
MANAGERS.

London and River Plate Bank
(LIMITED)
CALLE DE LA PIEDAD.
(Corner of Calle de la Reconquista.)

The rates of interest allowed and charged by the Bank will be as follows, till further notice:

ALLOWED.
On deposits in both currencies inaccount current, } 3 per cent.
On do., subject to seven days' notice of withdrawal } 3½ "
On do. do. for 90 days fixed, 5 "
On do. do. subject to 30 days notice of withdrawal, } 5 "

CHARGED.
For Discounts conventional according to circumstances.
On debit balances in account current in both currencies, } 10½ percent

G. E. MASCHWITZ—J. E. NAYLOR.
Buenos Ayres, Aug. 16, 1871.

NOT TOO LATE.

FRESH ARRIVALS.

Magazines and Periodicals.

Persons desirous of becoming Subscribers are informed that the following Extra Copies have been received by the S.S Tycho Brahe, and can be subscribed to at once, viz.:—

MAGAZINES.

	Yearly Sub.		Yearly Sub.
Young Ladies' Jour	$120	Sunday at Home..	$120
Englishwoman's D		Gentleman's Jour.	120
Magazine.....	120	Leisure Hour.....	100
Bow Bells.....	100	Cornhill Magazine	120
The Quiver.....	120	Macmillan's do...	120
London Society...	120	Temple Bar.....	150
Cassells' Magazine	100	Blackwoods' Edin.	
Family Herald....	100	Magazine	300
London Journal..	100	People's Magazine	100
Chambers' do.....	120	Once a Week.....	120

AMERICAN.

	Yearly Sub.		Yearly Sub.
Harper's Magazine	$100	Harper's Bazaar..	$250
Godey's Lady's Book	150	Lady's Repository	150
Frank Leslie's W.H	250	Eclectic Magazine	300

CHILDREN'S

	Yearly Sub.		Yearly Sub.
Band of Hope.....	$20	British Workman	$20
Family Friend....	20	Children's Friend..	20
Infant's Magazine	20	Children's Treasure	
Little Folks.....	80	[col. illustrations]	20
Youth's Play Hour	80	Infant's Delight	
My Sunday Friend	15	[col. illustrations]	20

NEWSPAPERS.

	Yearly Sub.		Yearly Sub.
Fun.....	$100	Weekly Times....	$100
Judy.....	150	Illustrated Times..	180
Graphic.....	300	Glasgow W. Herald	100
Ill. London News	300	Public Opinion....	200
European Mail....	400	Vanity Fair.....	300
Liverpool Mercury	150	Saturday Review .	300
Lloyd's Wkly News	100	Bell's Life in Lond'n	250
News of the World	120	Weekly Scotsman..	100
Ill. Police News..	100	Penny W. Budget	100
Punch.....	180	Nation (Dublin)..	150
Reynold's News.	100	Freeman's Journal	150
Weekly Despatch	100	Weekly News....	100

Newspapers only sold in Single Copies. Received five times a month. The only place in town where they can be had so.

The *Standard* and *River Plate Times* on sale daily.

NOTE—Specimen Copies of sundry other Magazines on hand.

LIBRERIA Anglo-Americana,
141—PIEDAD—141

WILLIAM P. DAWS,
Bookseller, Stationer, and Newsvendor.
h—9 xp a4

GEBBIE AND DODDS.

ENGLISH DRAPERS & CLOTHIERS.

We beg to advise our friends that we have received, ex "Asturte," Scotch Blankets, Quilts, Winceys, Pilot Jackets, Corderoy Pants, Ready-Suits, &c, and a general Assortment of Drapery Goods.

27—CALLE DEFENSA—27
cj—166 3m a17

FLORENCIO DONOVAN,
Wool and General Produce
Broker,
683—CALLE RIVADAVIA—683
cj—10m

REFRIGERATORS AND WINE COOLERS,
Of the most approved Swedish Manufacture,
AT
ZIMMERMANN, FAIR, & CO.'S,
Plaza Victoria.
cj—146 1m a16

PROVINCIAL BANK
OF BUENOS AYRES.

BUSINESS HOURS FROM 10 A.M. TO 4 P.M.

Deposits of not less than $400 m/c. and $f.16 received. These deposits will not be entitled to interest if retired before the expiration of sixty days from the date of such deposit; after sixty days they will be entitled to interest from the date of the deposit. All interests not collected shall at the end of each year be capitalized. All deposits at interest shall be entered in a book which the Bank will deliver to the depositors, in which all payments of interest and capital shall be entered, and all interest shall be payable after the first of the month or on retiring the deposit.

The Bank discounts bills with two signatures having from seven to ninety days to run; it also discounts mercantile bills of from seven days to six months, on the condition that at maturity they are paid in full.

The Bank draws at sight upon the following branches:—

DOLORES,	CHIVILCOY,
SAN NICOLAS,	MERCEDES,
LOBOS.	BARADERO,
SALTO.	AZUL.

The Bank pays commission to Brokers on the first discounting of bills and promissory notes.

LOANS TO THE WORKING CLASSES.
The Bank lends to artizans and operatives sums from THREE to TWENTY THOUSAND DOLLARS on their own signature, taking as security a document with any well-known signature

CREDITS IN ACCOUNT CURRENT.
1st. The Bank opens accounts current for commercial houses.

RATES OF INTEREST.
ALLOWS—
private depositors, 5 per cent. per annum m/c.
Do., do., 6 do., do., specie.
To private depositors,
in account current, 2 per cent. per annum do.
Do., do., 2 do., do., cur.
CHARGES—
Discounts in currency, 7 per cent. per annum.
Do. specie, 7 do., do.,

E. V. ZAMUDIO,
SECRETARY.

Buenos Ayres, March 28, 1867.

NOTICE.—Whereas, it having come under my notice that some foolish or evil-disposed parties have deformed the new notes, by cutting or otherwise obliterating the effigy, and thereby rendering falsification more easy, the Public are hereby warned not to accept such Bills, as the Bank will not receive them.

E. V. ZAMUDIO,
SECRETARY

Buenos Ayres, Oct. 9, 1867. 183 | xp,m28

CAJA DE CREDIT.
21 CALLE PIEDRAS.
Office Hours—Ten a.m. to Five p.m.
Allowed on Deposits in Account Current:—
Allowed paid at the end of each month.
Gold or Paper, ...6 per cent. per annum.
Do., 30 days ..7 do., do.
Do., 6 months..8 do., do.
Do., 12 months 9 do., do.
Money advanced on Hypothetical or Collateral Securities, Transfers, Stocks, &c., on conventional terms, according to the money market.
The Directors reserve the power of refusing objectionable moneys.
P. DE MONTRAVEL, Manager.
Buenos Ayres, August 1, 1869.

UNITED STATES AND BRAZIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

The Royal Mail Steamship
DOURO,
2824 Tons,
500 Horse-power,
Commander T. THWAITES.

Sailing hence the 15th inst., in combination with the Line of American Steamers, leaving RIO DE JANEIRO the 24th, 25th, or 26th of each Month, for NEW YORK, calling at
PARA
And
ST. THOMAS,
Carrying 1st and 3d Class Passengers and Specie. Passengers are transhipped, free of all expense, the 22d of each month, to the American steamer.
For further particulars apply to
CHAS. WM. BENN and CO., Agents,
No. 47 and 49 Calle 25 de Mayo.
cj—4 xp my2

HAMBURG AND SOUTH AMERICAN Steam Navigation Co.

NAMES OF THE STEAMERS.

BAHIA,
2,700 Tons Register,
Capt. KIER.

RIO,
SANTOS,
BRASILIEN.

And building,
Argentina, 2,700 tons register.
Valparaiso, 2,700 "

The Company's splendid Steamship.
BAHIA,
2,700 Tons Register,
Commander KIER,
Will leave this Port for Hamburg, calling at
Montevideo,
Santos,
Rio de Janeyro,
Bahia, and
Lisbon,
On the 1st JULY, 1872,
Carrying Passengers (First and Third Class), Parcels and Specie.

N.B.—This Steamer also receives Cargo for
Bremen direct,
Transhipment of same in Hamburg being for account of the Company.

For further particulars apply to
Messrs. LUDERS & CO.,
Or to
CHAS. WM. BENN & CO.,
Brokers,
Calle 25 de Mayo, 49.
h..48 x p m 7

STEAMBOAT RAFFLE.

The Raffle Card of the Model steamboat put up at the Bazar held at the Coliseum, in behalf of the Funds of the British Hospital, in May, 1870, and afterwards at Mackern's Library and Watson's Casino, was lost at the last named place during the yellow fever period last year.

Persons who have subscribed to said raffle can get their respective quotas returned to them on applying to the undersigned before the end of the present month, failing which the balance remaining in hand will be passed over to the Treasurer of the British Hospital.

May 6th 1872.
J. S. RUSSELL, 42, San Martin.
d..my7

WANKLYN & CO.,
108—CALLE SAN MARTIN—108

From 1st of July until further Notice, the rates of interest allowed and charged will be as follows:—

In account in our favor .. .. 12 per cent
" against us .. .. 5 "
30 days fixed .. .. 6 "
60 " .. .. 7 "
90 " .. .. 7 "
30 days' notice .. .. 7 "

BILLS DISCOUNTED at conventional rates.

BILLS of EXCHANGE purchased at current rates, and

BILLS of EXCHANGE issued on—
The NATIONAL BANK, London, and all its BRANCHES in IRELAND.
The BRITISH LINEN COMPANY BANK, Edinburgh, and all its BRANCHES in SCOTLAND; or payable in LONDON.
LUMB, WANKLYN, & CO., our London Agents.
MALLET, FRERES, & CIE., PARIS.
GRANET, BROWN, & CIE., GENOA.
VIDAL & QUADRAS, HNOS, BARCELONA
MANUEL BARCENA & HNO., VIGO.
TOMAS DE LA CALZADA, SEVILLE.
AUGUSTO JOSE DE VILA, CORUNNA.
WANKLYN & CO., MONTEVIDEO.
E. F. DAVISON & CO., NEW YORK.
LOUIS LEMMÉ & CO., ANTWERP.

WANKLYN AND CO.,
Are authorised to issue the
CIRCULAR NOTES of the NATIONAL BANK, London, which are payable on presentation in all the principal Towns of Europe and America. Travellers will find that these Notes form the most eligible mode of carrying money.

LETTERS of CREDIT are issued by WANKLYN & CO., on their London Agents, which are payable in LONDON, PARIS, GENOA, NEW YORK, or by any of the above-mentioned Banks and Firms.

COMMISSION is charged only on amount used.

LETTERS of CREDIT in EUROPE can be obtained by persons desiring to remit or bring money to this country, and which are payable here at the current rate of Exchange (without any charge.)

These Credits can be obtained on plication from
The NATIONAL BANK, LONDON, and all its BRANCHES in IRELAND.
The BRITISH LINEN COMPANY BANK, EDINBURGH, and all its Branches in Scotland.
LUMB, WANKLYN, and CO., LONDON
MALLET, FRERES, & CIE., PARIS.
The names of the Branches of the National Bank and the British Linen Company Bank, may be seen at the Office of
WANKLYN AND CO.
Buenos Ayres, January 19, 1872.
251 xp a1

Guinness's
CELEBRATED
Extra Stout.
IN QUARTS AND PINTS.
Bottled in Dublin, and guaranteed by SPECIAL LABEL from the Brewery.
On Sale at
WILLIAM BARRY & CO.,
161—Calle Potosi—161
p,n17

Cognac Superior,
DE
JOHN EXSHAW Y FORRESTER.

(Cada botella Cubierta con una red de alambre.)

SE VENDE POR MAYOR,
Unicos Agentes en Buenos Ayres,
DIEGO C. THOMPSON & Cia.

71—BECONQUISTA—71
cj—211 1m a27

Real Hollands,
OF
HERMAN VAN HOUTEN

Imported here since 25 years, is superior to any GIN which is sold under the same name. Real Hollands, imported by other houses, has nothing whatever to do with the only legitimate
REAL HOLLANDS,
Imported by
Wm. PAATS Y CIA.

Cognac Charchy & Co.,
Sole Agents for the River Plate,
Wm. PATTS Y CIA.

Excellent BRANDY, of superior quality. Labels with our name.
Always a large Stock on hand, in Bottles and Flasks.

Mineral Water,
Of the renowned
APOLLINARIS BRUNNEN,
Imported by
Wm. PAATS Y CIA.,

Best MINERAL WATER, agreeable drink in hot weather, equals the Seltzers Water in taste and qualities, but excels it, as this water can be stored for a long time without losing its good taste and higienic qualities.

The APOLLINARIS WATER ought to be in every sick room. It is entirely free from the deleterious matter of artificial Mineral Water.

Wm. PAATS Y CIA.,
96—VENEZUELA—96
cj—a23

PEYREDIEU Y BRADLEY
Consignatorios de Frutos del Pais,
Wool Brokers,
Office
263—CALLE PERU—263
91—xp,jly28

R. Plate Telegraph Co.
(LIMITED.)

Reduction of Tariff.

On and after May 1st the tariff for telegrams to and from Montevideo and other Stations in the Banda Oriental will be reduced to $50 m|c.

JOHN OLDHAM,
Manager.

1..11 xp m2

THE FAMILY GROCERY STORE,
60—CALLE SAN MARTIN—60
(Opposite the Provincial Bank.)

The great er part of our Stock is renewed semi-monthly by importations, direct per Steamers, especially for this Establishment.
Every Article warranted.
xp ept.

ARGENTINE BANK.
21, 33, and 35 San Martin.

BANKING HOURS FROM 10 A.M. TO 4 P.M

PRESIDENT:
BERNARDO YRIGOYEN.
DIRECTOR-GENERAL:
D. ANARCARSIS LANUS.
The rate of interest until further notice will be—
ALLOWS.
On account current, - 5 per cent. per annum
Sixty days' notice - 6½ " "
Ninety days' notice, - 6 " "
120 days' and upwards 7 " "
CHARGES
On specie and currency 10½ " " "
Money advanced on current account.
Bills and pagares discounted on conventions terms.
SAVINGS' BANK
Open from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m.
On specie and currency 6 per cent. per annum.
MARCO DEL PONT.
Manager.
Buenos Ayres, July 1 1871 xp,5m

Carabassa's Bank.
127—CALLE CANGALLO—127

From this date the rate of Interest will be as follows:—

ALLOWS
In Account Current..... 5 per cent. per an.
On a fixed term 30 days.. 6½ " "
" " 60 ..... 6 " "
" " 90 ..... 7 " "
CHARGES
For Balances in Account Current, 12 per cent. per annum.
Bills and Pagarés discounted at conventional rates.

Bank hours from Ten a.m. to Four p.m., and on Saturdays to Five p.m.
Bills drawn and taken on London, Paris, Bordeaux, and Genoa.
Buenos Ayres, January 19, 1872
JOSE CARABASS.

CASH
ADVANCED ON GOODS OR VALUABLES.

197—CALLE PARQUE—197
62 3m fy8

SEEDS—SEEDS—SEEDS.

78—CALLE CHACABUCO—78

SEED STORE.

At all seasons may be found in the above Store, an immense collection of the finest Seeds, of the first-class, guaranteed of the latest crop from Europe, and especially of the famous culture of Angers (France.)

VEGETABLE SEEDS,
Of all Classes.
FLOWER, Do. Do.
Of every variety.
Hyacinth,
Tulipe,
Anemonies,
Ranunculus,
Marrinoñas,
Amarillis Longifolia (Roso),
Lance-leaved Lilies.
Imperial Crowns,
Camelias,
&c. &c. &c.

N.B. The above Establishment will execute any orders from Europe, on Commission, for all kinds of Trees, Plants, and Seeds.

GUSTAVE HAMONET,
78—Chacabuco—78
cj—84 1m a20

Stephens and Vonwiller.
ENGINEERS.

117—PASEO JULIO—117

SOLE AGENTS
In the River Plate for the renowned Firms of Messrs. CLAYTON and SHUTTLEWORTH, Engineers and Agricultural Machinists, Lincoln.
Messrs. CHARLES and FREDK. HOWARD, Bedford.
Messrs. R. HORNSBY and SONS, Grantham, And
Messrs. T. and H. KEYWORTH and CO., Liverpool.

Messrs. STEPHENS and VONWILLER Have always on hand a large stock of
Portable Engines,
Thrashing Machines,
Patent Ploughs and Harrows,
Mowing and Reaping Machines,
Weston's Patent Pulleys,
Garden Chairs—forn leaf Patterns.
Mangels, &c.
cj—153 xp a23

La Popular Argentina.

CAPITAL—500,000$ fts.

DIRECTORS.
Sr. Don Jaime Llavallol.
" F. H. Mulhall.
" A. Maveroff.
" Nicanor Fernandez
" C. Santa Maria.
GENERAL MANAGER.
Sr. Dn. Pedro S. Lamas.

GOVERNMENT DELEGATE.
Sr. Ln. Hilario. Medrano.

AGENTS.
Argentine Republic.
Dn. Emilio Lahette.
Mr. Frederick Denchy,

Uruguay Republic.
Dn. Victorio Raggio.

Empire of Brasil.
Sr. Comendador.
Dn. Manuel Calbo.

BANKING OFFICES.
213½—PIEDAD—213½
Buenos Ayres.

The objects of the Company are mutual.
Each Shareholder of the two or ten patacon notes has a share in the drawings which take place in June and December, semi-annually. The holder of one hundred patacons in notes is entitled to a Bond with quarterly interest coupons the interest on said Bonds being 10 per cent. per annum.
All funds received on sale of Tickets, Bonds, &c. are invested in mortgages on real estate and chattels, and the vouchers of same lodged in the Provincial Treasury under the special charge of the Government delegate, appointed to inspect the affairs of the Company.
The Popular Argentina gives the following securities:—
1st. Administrative and guarantee capital $f500,000, besides a reserve fund to be formed of $f50,000, afterwards to be increased to $f100,000.
2nd. Invertion of all the capital in documents secured by mortgages on property or loans on stock.
3rd. Deposition of these documents in the office of the Treasury of Buenos Ayres.
4th. Intervention in and fiscalization of all the operations of the Company, effected by a Board of Directors chosen yearly by the subscribers themselves.
Every half year reports are published of the tate of the Company's affairs.
Circulars and pamphlets, with the fullest particulars respecting this company can be had on application at the Banking Office, 213½ Calle Piedad, Buenos Ayres.

GOVERNMENT MORTGAGE BANK

Offices—111 CALLE SAN MARTIN.

This Bank will be open to the Public on all business days from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m.

It advances on real estate to be repaid at long dates.

It pays Mortgage Certificates (Cedulas Hipotecarios) for the amount of the loan it advances, which bear an interest equal to that collected by the Bank.

The value of property offered in mortgage shall not be under two thousand patacons, nor the loan be less than 500 fuertes.

No loan can exceed half the value of the property mortgaged.

The Mortgagor shall bind himself to pay an annual sum so long as the mortgage lasts, said sum to represent the interest on the sum lent the amortization fund and commission to the Bank. This yearly sum shall be paid quarterly or half-yearly.

Series A—Quarterly.
Mortgage for 20 years 117 days, 8 per cent. interest, 2 per cent. amortizatipn, and 1 per cent. commission.

Series B—Quarterly.
Mortgage for 27 years 270 days; 8 per cent. interest, 1 per cent. amortization, and 1 per cent. commission.

Series C—Half-yearly.
Mortgage for 20 years 190 days; 8 per cent. interest, 2 per cent. amortization, and 1 per cent. commission.

Series D—Half-yearly.
Mortgage for 28 years 6 days: 8 per cent interest, 1 per cent. amortization, and 1 per cent commission.

Upon the full payment of the yearly sums stipulated in the Mortgage, both property and Mortgagor shall be freed from all further obligation.

The Mortgagor shall be at liberty to anticipate the payments and to discharge the mortgage, all or in part.

Applications for mortgages must be made in writing, specifying the property offered, accompanied by the title deeds, the receipts of the Contribucion Directa tax, and setting forth that the property is free from all incumbrance, or if not the incumbrance that exists thereon, and which is to be paid off by the mortgage. The Secretary of the bank will supply applicants with the forms necessary as also the tables for amortization.

Quarterly mortgagors shall pay from 8th to 15th of each January, April, July and October, and half yearly mortgagors shall pay between the 8th and 15th of each January and July.

With the amortization fund, mortgage certificates (cedulas) shall be redeemed at par by quarterly and half yearly drawings.

The mortgage Bank pays the interest on the quarterly cedulas or mortgage certificates between the 31st December and 6th January, the 31st March and 6th April, the 30th June and 6th July, the 30th September and 6th October every year, and on the half yearly cedulas from the 31st December to 6th January, and from 30th June to 6th July.

The Mortgage Bank can act between the capitalist and mortgagor, free of charge in the way of realizing the cedulas, and for this purpose will receive deposits without interest, which will receive a preference, and which sums will be deposited in the Provincial Bank.

On and after the 15th February 1872 the Mortgage Bank will be open to the public.

Jose M. La Fuente,
Secretary.

111—CALLE SAN MARTIN—111
1— xp f7

LONDON, BELGIUM, BRAZIL AND RIVER PLATE STEAMSHIPS.

UNDER POSTAL CONTRACT WITH THE BELGIAN GOVERNMENT.

The names of the Steamers are as follow:
BONITA—GALATEA—LACYDON, ARIADNE—EVORA.

This Company will despatch a Steamer with Mails every Month for Rio Janeiro, Montevideo and Buenos Ayres.
From London, 27th; Antwerp, 1st; Falmouth, 3rd.
From Buenos Ayres, on the 22d, to Falmouth Antwerp, and London, Calling at Montevideo.
Passengers, Parcels, and Specie will be landed at Falmouth, and forwarded to London by a special arrangement with the Great Western Railway Company.
Cargo will be received on board, 48 hours after arrival at this port, for London and the Continent, at through rates.
Passage money to Falmouth £35; to Antwerp, £35; to Rio Janeiro, $50 Pats. Freight or Specie one-half per cent. payable here.

ALTERATION IN DAY OF SAILING:
These Steamers will in future sail from this Port on the 22d of each month.

The ARIADNE
Is the Steamer for the 22d of MAY.
☞ All LETTERS must be taken to the Post-office.
For further particulars apply to the Agents,
WOODGATE BROTHERS, Shipbrokers,
42 Calle San Martin.
cj—mh27

THE RIVER PARANA STEAMSHIP COMPANY (LIMITED)
This Company will despatch a Steamer every Month from Liverpool, for Montevideo, Buenos Ayres, and Rosario.

The fine Steamer
MENZALEH,
1274 Tons,
Is now in the River, and will be despatched
FOR
ANTWERP
AND
LIVERPOOL,
On her return from Rosario,
Calling at MONTEVIDEO.
These Steamers are fitted with every modern improvement, and have accommodation of the best description for passengers.
For further particulars apply to the Agents.
Messrs. C. J. SHAW and CO.;
Or to the Brokers,
WOODGATE, Brothers, 42 Calle San Martin.
cj—78 10p h m

CLYDE LINE OF STEAMERS
TO
BRAZIL AND THE RIVER PLATE.

The Steamers are
ASTARTE,
1361 Tons.

MARINA,
1361 Tons.

And constructing
COLINA and CYBELE,
2,000 Tons,
Calling at Southampton to land Passengers, Specie, and Parcels.

The ASTARTE,
For ANTWERP and GLASGOW,
Will be the next Steamer,
Calling at Montevideo.

These Steamers have been specially built for the trade, and are fitted with every modern improvement, and have accommodation of the best description for Cabin Passengers.
Carrying also Surgeons and Stewardesses.

For further particulars apply to the Agents
WOODGATE, Brokers, Shipbrokers,
No. 42 Calle San Martin.
cj—al0

FRANCO-PLATENSE BANK.

BRANCH OFFICES,

G. STUMP.

87—Calle Cangallo—87

It advances Money on Public Funds.
It receives Money at Interest for fixed periods and in Account Current.
It issues Bills of Exchange and Circular Notes on Paris, Bordeaux, Marseilles, Bayonne, Pau, London, Genoa, Amsterdam, Hamburg, Vienna New York, Philadelphia and Montevideo.

RATES OF INTEREST.
THE BANK PAYS:—

1.	For balances against i in Account Current	4 to 7 p§	
2.	" Sums on Call with Choque..	3	"
3.	" Deposits at 15 Days.....	5	"
4.	" " 1 month	6	"
5.	" " 2 to 3 months	8	"
6.	" " 4 to 6 "	9	"
7.	7 to 12 "	10	"

CHARGES
For Balances in Account Current, 12 per cen per annum.
Bills and Pagarés discounted at conventional rates.

G. STUMP.

DAVID FLEMMING
[VIDAL, SUCCESSOR.]

No. 64 CALLE VICTORIA,
(Recoba Nueva.)

A large and varied supply of Ladies and Gentlemens' Boots and Shoes, just received from England.
N.B. Boots repaired and made like new, at the most moderate terms. cj—191 1m 20

BASS & CO.'s PALE ALE,
IN CASK.

Agent,
JAMES GRAHAM,
Calle Cuyo, No. 77.
h..41 1mw6

MACLEAN & CO,
SHIPBROKERS
And
GENERAL CUSTOM-HOUSE AGENTS,
4—CALLE RECONQUISTA—4
BUENOS AYRES.

JOHN WALKER
Wholesale and Retail Grocer,
97——CALLE DEFENSA——97
(Corner of Moreno.)

GUINNESS'S CELEBRATED STOUT,
PALE ALES, &c.
97——CALLE DEFENSA——97

ALL PARTIES
Indebted to the late Firm of Barry and Walker, are requested to call and settle their respective accounts without further delay.
JOHN WALKER,
97——Calle Defensa——97
cj—146 xp a27

THOMAS KENNY AND BROTHER,
WOOL AND PRODUCE BROKERS,
682—CANGALLO—682

Daily attendance at the Plaza Once, South Plaza, and Corrales.
Letters, &c., by troperos coming to the South Plaza, to be left at Messrs. M. Smith and Co.'s Almacen Buena Vista. 7,xp,d3

P.S.N.C.

PACIFIC STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

LIVERPOOL AND VALPARAISO LINE.

EXTENSION TO CALAO.
Liverpool to Rio de Janeiro in.. 21 days.
Liverpool to Montevideo ..... 26 "
Liverpool to Valparaiso..... 38 "

The Company's Steamers are appointed to sail from Montevideo for Liverpool and intermediate ports,

On the 12th and 27th of every MONTH,

And for Valparaiso on the 8th and 25th of every MONTH,

[With some slight deviations, of which due Notice will be given], carrying Mails, under Contract with her Britannic Majesty's Postmaster-General.
The Ports of Call are, sailing from Liverpool—
BORDEAUX,
SANTANDER,
LISBON,
RIO DE JANEYRO,
MONTEVIDEO,
SANDY POINT,
VALPARAISO,
ARICA,
ISLAY.
CALLAO.

SAILINGS FOR LIVERPOOL.
The Royal Mail Steamship
MAGELLAN,
3,500 Tons, and 550 Horse Power,
Is expected at Montevideo, from Valparaiso, on the 12th of May, to sail for Liverpool and intermediate ports, on the 13th.

The Royal Mail Steamship
Is expected at Montevideo, from Valparaiso, on the 26th of May, to sail for Liverpool and intermediate ports, on the 27th.

SAILINGS FOR WEST COAST:
The Royal Mail Steamship
CORDILLERA,
Is expected at Montevideo, from Liverpool, on the 9th May, and will sail a few hours after arrival for Callao and intermediate ports.

The Royal Mail Steamship
LUSITANIA,
Is expected at Montevideo from Liverpool, on the 25th May, and will sail a few hours after arrival for Callao and intermediate ports.

Table Wine is supplied by the Company to 1st, 2d, and 3d class passengers.
None of the above Steamers will leave Montevideo before seven hours after their arrival
Return Tickets [not transferable] available for Twelve Calendar months, from date of issue, are issued to First-class Passengers and their servants accompanying them, at a reduction of 25 per cent. on total passage money.
Outside Berths, £5 extra.
For further particulars apply to the Agents
YARROW, HETT, and CO.,
63——CALLE RECONQUISTA——63
BUENOS AYRES.
cj—my4

MANCHESTER AGENCY WANTED.—A Gentleman with a first-class connection in the Manchester Trade, requires an Agency for the purchase of goods, and he could also influence consignments of shipments. First-class references would be given and required.
Address 'Agency', care of H. M. Taylor, Esq. Solicitor, Queen's Chambers, 57 Princess Street, Manchester, or Messrs. Wanklyn and Co., Buenos Ayres. h..243 1m a 26

New Advertisements.

GENERAL EXHAUSTION.—When the blood does not produce the solids of the body as fast as they are exhausted by the wear and tear of life, emaciation and debility ensue. Physical weakness and decrepitude are therefore evidences of a want of reproductive vigor in the vital current. Under these circumstances Brietol's Sarsaparilla is the medicine required. Its effect is to enrich and vitalise the blood and stimulate the circulation. It is eminently a onic that promotes digestion and retards the progress of natural decay. cj—392 my8

TEATRO COLON

COMPANIA LIRICA ITALIANA

11ª Funcion de la 1ª Temporada.

MIERCOLES, 8 DE MAYO 1872.

F A U S T O.

Dedicada al Exmo Gobernador de la Provincias.

ESCUELA DE BAILE,

En el Teatro Colon hay una Escuela de Bail GRATIS todas las dias de 9 à 10 de la Mañana, para niñas.

Las que quieran concurrir pueden dirigirse al Secretario de la Empresa.

—cj— A las 8

Theatre Franco Argentin

JEUDI 9 MAI, 1872.

Dernier Grand Success du Theatre du Gymnase LA

PRINCESSE GEORGES.

Piece en trois actes.

ALEXANDRE DUMAS (fils)

LE LAIT D'ANESSE.

Vaudeville en un acte, par Gabriel et Dupeuty.

|cj— A 8 heures

NEW AND CENTRAL AUCTION MART.

MITRE AND CO.

CALLE CANGALLO, 59 & 65.

The Week's Sales.

In calling the attention of the Public to the following extra important Sales for this week we desire to inform them that so vast and varied a collection of useful and ornamental Articles are comprised therein that it is found impossible to give a detailed list of each and every article. Justice requires that where all cannot be mentioned, none should be named. All we can say in conclusion is

"Come and Buy."

(THURSDAY being a Feast-day, the usual Weekly Sale of Furniture will take place on the following day at noon.)

FRIDAY 10th, at Noon.

The number and variety of pieces, both old and new, is so great, that all the columns of this paper could not do it justice. There are beds of every kind and shape, wardrobes, chairs, sofas, tables, wash-hand stands, hat stands, pianos, oil-paintings, engravings, chimney-piece clocks and ornaments, watches, &c., delft and glass, fire-arms, &c. cj—51 6p my9

IMPORTANT.

Francis Quintin

Has the pleasure to inform his Friends and the Public that, under the title of

FERRETERIA DEL PROGRESO,

He has established a Store in

CHASCOMUS

For the sale of Canvas, Ironware, Sacks, Bags, Awnings, &c.

Commissions undertaken.

cj..33 1p my9

LETTERS.

J. C. Tilston, Miss A. F. Wozencroft, Miles, Grimsditch, Heanley 2, Miss Aimers, Mrs. Parkes George Harrington, Mrs Annie Richards, Mrs Walter, Miss Ryan, S. Pollock, Miss Frances Whsmore, C. Rorke, Striblinh. —cj—

BOOKS—BOOKS.

CHEAP BOOKS.

Chambers' Information for the People, 2 vols. $25, and also the Works of Robert, with his Life, by Allan Cunningham, 6 vols, 3½; Parnell's Chemical Analysis, Organic and Inorganic, 10; Turner's Chemistry, 30; the Works of Laurence Sterne, with a Life of the Author written by himself, 4 vols, 50; Macaulay's Critical and Historical Essays, 3 vols, 50; W. Scott's Life of Napoleon Bonapart, 9 vols, half-calf, 60.

103—POTOSI—103

h..68 3p m 8

3-INCH.

G WYNNE AND CO., ENGINEERS.

ESSEX-STREET WORKS, STRAND, LONDON.

Manufacture of the very best quality.

Artesian Well-boring Tools, &c.
Beale's Patent Gas Exhausters and Blowers.
Boilers of all power and forms.
Gwynne's Patent Centrifugal Pumps, all sizes
Pumping Machinery for Docks; Canals, &c.
Hydraulic Presses, Lifts, Pumps, and Rams.
Iron Bridges, Caissons, Houses, and Stores.
Pumping Engines for supply of Towns, Factories, Estates, Canals, &c.
Engines, Portable and Fixed, of all powers.
Irrigation Pumps of all sizes and forms.
Sheep-washing Machinery.
Horse-clipping Machines.
Turbine Water Wheels and Pumping Machinery (Girard's celebrated Patents.)
This Machinery has had Twenty Prize Medals at the Exhibitions of the first Cities and Countries in the World.
Illustrated Catalogues with 210 Engravings forwarded on receipt of 1s. in stamps.
Pipes in Cast and Wrought-iron and Copper, Leather and other Hose, &c.
Coffee Machinery for complete treatment of Coffee.
Street Pumps and Lamps, plain and ornamental.
Wind-mills and Wind-power Pumping Machinery.
Screw Presses and Jacks, Oil and Wine Presses, &c.
Drainage and Irrigating Machinery, Floating and Fixed. cj—my8

NOTABLE.

SOME comfortable Rooms are offered to a respectable party for a few months, RENT FREE, for the care of the Premises. Immediate application desired.

Apply at 617 Defensa. cj—62 3p my8

MR. ROBERTS,

YOU are requested to call for your Trunk and Effects that are now at the House, No. 52 Calle Corrientes. If not called for within six days, will be sold to recover expenses.

JACOBO WILHELM.

cj | 63 6p my8

TO LET, the House No. 615 Calle Cangallo, built of the best material, and has excellent accommodation for a family. Apply to Michael Duggan, 11 de Setiembre.

cj—67 1m my8

TO LET, Furnished Apartments. Apply at No. 90 Calle Parque. cj—58 3p my8

WANTED, a Cook, for a small family. Apply from 10 to 3 at No. 107 Calle Reconquista. cj—58 3p my8

COMPANIA DE NAVEGACION A VAPOR.
RIO DE LA PLATA.

VAPOR NACIONAL "GOYA."

Saldrá para Asuncion y puertos de escala el Viernes, 10 del corriente. Admite carga y passageros.

Agencia—Cuyo 24.

"Vapor EDWARD EVERETT."

Para el Rosario y Escalas.

ESTE espledndido vapor, el mas comodo y el que ofrece mas seguridad á los Sres pasageros de cuantos hacen esta carrera, sale HOY, en combinacion con el F. Carril del Norte, desde Tigre, con el tren que sale de la Estacion 25 de Mayo, á las 9.50 de la mañana, con gran rebajas de precios.

Los boletos del tren se obtienen gratis en la agencia y no se cobra flete por exceso de equipage.

MANUEL SCIURANO E HIJO,
38½ Cuyo.

Sewing Machines

OF THE

Singer Manufacuring Company,

NEW YORK.

Osborne and Lever

53—CALLE CHACABUCO—53.

(*The only authorized agents in the River Plate.*)

Have the honor to annouce to the inhabitants of Buenos Ayres and its vicinity that they have received a large assortment of these machines which they are offering at very low prices.

The SINGER SEWING MACHINE is a Double Lock Stich Shuttle Machine working with a short straight needle (the shortest used in any lock stich machine) and for this reason is the strongest, and to the simplicity of the mechanism and ease in operation may be attributed the extraordinary success which has followed.

No machine sold as the SINGER is genuine without this trade mark fixed to the arm—

To avoid counterfeits notice that all details of he trade mark are exact to this copy.

NEEDLES, THREAD, &c.

Needles and Silk manufactured by the Company expressly for these machines. Also cotton thread (6 cord) of the very best quality, oil and parts for machines.

All SINGER MACHINES adjusted and repaired by an experienced machinest who has been ten years with the Company in New York.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL,
53 Chacabuco 53.
|cj—my7

Private Hotel.

FURNISHED AND UNFURNISHED ROOMS.

With Board and Attendance.

First-class German style.

Apply atNo. 78 Calle Parquce, in los altos.

j—122 xp a26

MISSING FRIENDS.

INQUIRIES respecting the undermentioned Individuals having been addressed to this Consulate, any person knowing their whereabouts, or particulars of their decease, will oblige by communicating same to undersigned.

FRANK PARISH,
H.B.M.'s Consul.

British Consulate, Buenos Ayres,
April 22nd, 1872.

JOHN J. NAYLOR, working as Engineer at Arsenal, Cerrito, Rio Paraguay.
JOHN and JAMES SIMS, Sheepfarmers in Buenos Ayres in 1868.
JOHN McCALLUM, living in 1871 with a Doctor in the suburbs of Buenos Ayres.
FREDK. EDWD. PAUL, formed one of Mr. Henley's Colony to Rosario.
RICHARD AHERN, *alias* JOHN HAMBLIN, reported stabbed in Buenos Ayres.
FREDK. D. JONES, wife's maiden name SCULLY, or BYRNE, in 1868 engaged cattle farming at Costa, San Francisco, Paysandu, and about two years later went to live near Mercedes, in this Province.
JOHN FLANIGAN, Boiler Riveter, age 20, 5ft. 6in. in height, dark complexion, and left steamer 'Stag,' in 1869.
WILLIAM STEVENSON, lately a Tutor at the Estancia Grande.
WALLACE HENRY BORLAND, last heard of at Estancia San Ramon, Fortin de Areco.
WILLIAM STUART, of the steamer Susan Beirne.
WILLIAM MORRISON,
CHAS. ROGERS, about 42 years of age, dark complexion, supposed to own a flock of sheep.
THOS. C. HARRISON, an acquaintance of the last named.
JOHN RONALD, late of Corrientes, Asuncion and Itaqui.
JAMES BEVERIDGE, working in July 1871, as Fireman on board the steamer Republica.
WM. McILWRATH alias WM COWEN, supposed to keep a store, was a seafaring man when young
THOS. PARK, a Plumber by trade, was in B. Ayres in Feb., 1871.
PETER MONCRIEF, of Auchterarder, Perthshire,
SAMUEL POLLOCK, an Engineer.
DAVID TODD, left Coatbridge as Fireman on board a steamer five years ago.
JOHN HARVEY, supposed to have kept a ship-chandler's shop, and to have died about four years ago.
FRED. BRIGGS, supposed to have arrived from Falmouth, three years since.
JOHN BLACKWELL, belonging to St. Burgan, Cornwall, who left England 25 or 30 years ago.
HENRY DEVITT, last heard of at the house of Mr. Owen Moran, near Zarate.
JOHN GALLAGHER, of Mullingar Co., Westmeath, supposed to have been in the employ of the Southern Railway Co.

cj..247 12pmv8

Plants and Seeds.

Eucalyptus,

Araucaria, Verbena, Magnolia, Aguaribahy, Jessamines, Camelias,
Australian Aromas, Cedars, Cypress, Laurel, Juniper,
Dates, Apples, Pears,
Bignonia or Trumpet-flower, Cactus, Strelizia, Oak, Rosewood, Sycamore, Palms,
Bananas, Orange, Lemon,
Acantus, Santa Rita, Pines, Azalea,
Rhododendron, Guayaba, Bella Rortena, Woodbine,
And other trees and shrubs suitable for planting at the present season.

ALSO

Tulips, Ranunculas, Pansies, Hyacinths, Anemones, Joquils, Azucenas, Amaryllis, and other Winter flowers,
And a large variety of Garden Seeds for Shrubs, Vegetables, &c., warranted to come up.

P. COULIN,
48—Calle San Martin—48
h..48 1m m9

Healthy & Commodious.

LARGE HOUSE AND GARDEN
IN FLORES

ONLY 1½ SQ. FROM THE RAILWAY
and
TWO FROM THE TRAMWAY.

There are
2 entrances and 14 rooms,
With a
SPLENDID CORREDOR.

WILL BE
RENTED OR SOLD.

For terms apply at the Almacen de la Estrella, in the Plaza of Flores.

1..69 6p m8

NOTICE.

THE CREDITORS of LUIS SOULAN are advised that the First Dividend of Ten per Cent. is payable at Calle Maipu, No. 67.

h..60 3p m8

GAME PIES
FOR THE
ATHLETIC SPORTS,
All Sizes.

TURMEAU,
29—Maipu—29
h..61 3p m8

SIRVIENTA ESTRANGERA. Se precisa una en la calle de Florida No. 288 con recomendaciones. c—66 p3. m8.

Gt. Southern Railway Co.

(LIMITED.)

SALADO EXTENSION.

The payment of Interest, at the rate of Six per Cent. per Annum, upon the amounts from time to time paid up on the Salado Extension Shares down to the 30th of June, 1871, having been authorized at an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Proprietors held in London on the 26th day of January, 1872—Notice is hereby given to the Shareholders in Buenos Ayres that the same will be duly paid to them on the presentation of their Certificates at the London and River Plate Bank, Calle Reconquista.

Buenos Ayres, 7th May, 1872.

FRANK PARISH,
President of the Local Committee.

h..71 6p w m 8

Al Comercio.

TENEMOS el honor de anunciar que hemos formado una sociedad que jirara desde la fecha en esta plaza bajo la razon social de—

ROLDAN LANUZ & CIA.

Con el objeto de continuar los negocios hasta ahora conducidos bajo la firma de—

BELISARIO ROLDAN,

Siendo socio comanditario el,
SR. DON ANACARSIS LANUS.
Socio administrador y capitalista,
DON MIGUEL LANUS.
Socio administrador é industrial,
DON BELISARIO ROLDAN.

Buenos Ayres, Mayo 1, 1872.

Belisario Roldan.
Miguel Lanuz.

1..153 8p m7

British Library

The Committee have pleasure in stating that the Gentleman who so kindly offered the guarantee at the General Meeting has consented that all those who have been at any time Subscribers to the Library may have the privilege of purchasing at the Sale of the Books on Friday Evening next.

M. FORRESTER,
Hon. Sec.

h..m 8

FOR SALE—One Half a League of Camp, five leagues distant from Chivilcoy in the direction of Salto.

For further particulars apply to Messrs. Hoare and Co., English Store, Chivilcoy.

h..70 10p m8

MR. WILLIAM TALLON, Professor of the English and Spanish Languages, has opened an evening class at Calle Venezuela No 9. Young Men who wish to learn either of these languages should not let this opportunity pass.

e—63 m8.

SUBSCRIPTIONS TO THE STANDARD

DAILY, per Month.....	$30
WEEKLY.....	20
PACKET EDITION, single copy	2
Do Do. mailed from Office, including postage (per an.)	£2
Advertisements per line per day,	$1
Do WEEKLY, one insertion,	5
Do. Permanent, at conventional rates.	

"Standard" Office, January 1st, 1869.

The Standard.

"Nil falsi audeam nil veri non audeam dicere.
CICERO.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 8, 1872.

The Douro's Mails.

The R.M.S. Douro, Capt. Thwaites, entered port on Monday night after a very pleasant voyage. The Douro made, as she always does, a splendid run out, having entered port fully two days before she was expected. The following is her passenger list (by some mistake, our files that come by special license outside the mails have remained on board):—

Mr. J. Nettekorn, O Wistkamp, B Soden, Miss. Jacobs, Mr. C Jackson. E Hippen, wife & child H. Carbonell, W Bushton, N Mortimer, Mrs. Fowler and daughter, J Pack, S Guiseppe J Condes and wife, Quentin Gastanaga, child and servant, J Lockett, Mrs. J Lockett, Mr and Mrs Pearson, E Arnand.

36 Third Class.

London, Tuesday, April 9th.

Her Majesty, accompanied by Prince Leopold and Princess Beatrice, arrived at Windsor Castle from Portsmouth at an early hour yesterday afternoon.

The Duke of Edinburgh yesterday presided over the annual meeting of the Royal National Lifeboat Institution, which was held at the Mansion-house, and in the course of his opening address his Royal Highness spoke in the highest terms of the value of this admirable organization. Admiral Sir G. Sartoris, Admiral Sir John Hay, the Lord Mayor, Sheriff Sir John Bennett, Sir James Elphinstone, and Lord Garlies were amongst the speakers.

Yesterday the funeral of the late Mr. John Peel, M.P. for Tamworth, took place at Middleton Church, a large number of the tenantry and of the late member's constituents joining in the procession.

At the Bridgenorth Steeplechases yesterday the Grand Stand suddenly gave way, and about 150 of its occupants were more or less hurt.

In his charge to the grand jury at the Central Criminal Court yesterday Sir Thomas Chambers, the Deputy-Recorder, drew attention to the charges against Arthur O'Conner and the claimant to the Tichborne baronetcy. He pointed out that in the case of the former the point for their consideration was whether the prisoner presented a pistol at her Majesty under such circumstances as to alarm her, and to cause a breach of the peace. Any question touching the sanity of the prisoner must be decided by another tribunal. The Deputy-Recorder also told the grand jury that very probably the 'Claimant' would, in addition to the accusation of perjury, be charged with forgery in issuing bonds in the name of Sir Roger Tichborne. In the course of the day Mr. Montagu Williams, one of the defendant's counsel, applied that the man might be furnished with a copy of the indictment upon which he was to be tried. The Judge said he was informed that a bill was to be presented to-day, and if it was "found" the defendant would have a copy of the indictment.

A dreadful murder has been committed at No. 13, Park-lane, the victim being Madame Maria Carolina Besson Riel, a French lady, 42 years of age. From the facts at present in possession of the police, it would appear that the unfortunate lady was strangled through the agency of a thick knotted cord, and that her dead body was dragged from the coal cellar into the pantry, where it was found. Suspicion attaches to the cook, one Marguerite Beiblanes, who has absconded, and at the same time a large sum of money is missing from the house.

The hearing of the Galway election petition was again resumed yesterday The witnesses were chiefly farmers from different parts of the country, who gave evidence similar to that adduced on previous days, respecting the denunciation by the priests of those who voted "against conscience" for Captain Trench.

Our Paris Correspondent says that M. Thiers is not at present disposed to yield to the representations made to him on the subject of the passport system. He thinks that passports are necessary, and that they really act as a check upon the movements of political refugees. In our Corrrespondent's hearing, however, M. Thiers said that the system will not last long.

A special telegram from a Correspondent in Rome announces that the Prince of Wales left that city yesterday morning by special train for Florence, where he will remain for ten days, and then proceed to Milan. Their Royal Highnesses were both in excellent health. On the night before their departure they witnessed the illumination of the Colosseum, an enormous crowd being present.

By a large majority the Suedish Parliament has abolished the system of exemption from military service by money payment.

Consols closed yesterday at 92⅜ to ½ for money, and 92½ to ⅝ for the account. Extreme depression was again manifested on the Stock Exchange, and the closing prices showed a further almost general fall.

Monday Evening.

In the Stock Exchange to day extreme depression was again manifested, and the closing prices showed a further almost general fall. A temporary rally took place at one period, on the announcement that no change had been made in the Bank rate of discount, but the subsequent withdrawal of a large amount of gold, chiefly for South America, induced numerous sales. About £200,000 in gold has been shipped from the United States to this country. The New York exchange upon London has relapsed to 109¼, but a recovery is anticipated. Nearly all the speculative foreign bonds declined, particularly Argentine, Egyptian, Entre-Rios. Turkish, and Uruguay. Honduras, Paraguay, Chardof-Azof, and Spanish, however, advanced. Several of the American securities gave way, while Erie Railway shares, after being dealt in at a fall of 1 dollar, advanced, in sympathy with a rise in New York. Miscellaneous and bank shares exhibited depression.

At the Bank discount office there was an active demand for money. A good inquiry was also apparent in the general market, and most of the transactions were subject to an advance in the Bank rate on Thursday next. With this provision, the best three months' bills were taken at 3½ per cent. The supply of money was rather small, the distribution of the dividends having been followed by large repayments to the Bank, both by the discount houses and the Stock Exchange. Very few drafts fall due during the next few days. Short loans on Consols were in request at 3 to 3½ per cent.

The speech of the Emperor of Germany, read for him by Prince Bismarck at the opening of the Imperial German Parliament yesterday, is naturally in a congratulatory tone. The Parliament has only to continue its work of giving unity to the Empire and of consolidating its institutions; there are no great fundamental reforms to accomplish, no agitating questions to face. Reduction in the contributions exacted by the Imperial Government from its constituent states, a few administrative reforms, a slight change in the incidence of a tax or two, are all that the German Emperor has to announce. To one point in the speech, however, a good many eyes will be directed. The Empire has annexed two conquered provinces, and the Emperor must say something about them. He can hardly say that the German rule has been cordially welcomed, but he can say that the traces of the war are disappearing, and that the foundations of a German administration have been laid. Europe will be glad to be assured that the University of Strasburg will be re-opened on the 1st of May. Germany owes to the re-annexed Provinces the munificent support of that institution for which the Emperor appeals. The German Empire is now a year old; and the Emperor and King may well indulge in congratulation on looking back over its events; and in joyful confidence on looking forward to "the further national and State development of our internal institutions". The loud plaudits which greeted the conclusion of his Speech are only a symbol of the way in which his anticipations will be received in all the really German parts of his newly-constituted realm.

REPUBLIC OF URUGUAY.

THE DEBTS TO FRANCE AND BRAZIL.

Mr. Thomas Villalba, Accountant-general of the Oriental Republic, publishes, under date March 25th, a report on the sums due to France and Brazil, not for damages sustained by the citizens of those nationalities, but for money advanced at different times to keep Montevideo and its Government above water. The report shews that the Republic owes 5½ million $fts. to Brazil and one million to France adding that it is very difficult to see how the country will be able to discharge these obligations. The history of them is not generally known to our readers.

During the ten years' siege of Montevideo, by Oribe, the sympathies and support of the European Powers were with the gallant defenders, and on June 12th 1848 the French agent agreed to advance a million hard dollars in 36 monthly subsidies, the last of which was paid on May 28th 1851. The Custom-house was mortgaged for repayment, and in the beginning of 1852 the French Consul, M. Devoise, demanded that one-fourth of the monthly receipts should be handed to him. A convention was signed by Dr. Rodriguez, pursuant to which the monthly payments were regularly made from April to September 1852, summing up 123,684$. But Pres. Giro found his Treasure hard pushed, notwithstanding monthly subsidies from Brazil, and as Count Lucian de Brayer was going to Europe, and the latter a personal friend of Napoleon, he prevailed on him to obtain a postponement of payment until the finances of the country should be on a better footing, stipulating always that when B. Oriental was able to pay up no one should be paid before France.

From that day to this, now twenty years, the French Government has never received a dollar; but as the French war-vessels in port request the Government to put down any import duties for articles of their consumption to the account of the loan of 1848 it happens that there is now an item of 188,539$ under this heading. This would leave the balance due to France at 700,000$, and Mr. Villalba adds 300,000$ for interest, so that the country still owes France a million dollars. Mr. Thiers no doubt would find the sum of 5 million francs very useful under present circumstances, but he has as little chance of getting it as Great Britain has of the Otho-accession Greek loan, advanced by the British Government in a similar manner.

The debt of Banda Oriental to Brazil is much more considerable, and nothing can be more admirable than the philosophy displayed on both sides, the Oriental Government not fulfilling, the Brazilians not exacting, the terms stipulated for payment. Perhaps the longanimity of Brazil has been, as Mr. Villalba says, because the money advanced to Montevideo was to further Brazilian interests, but it seems strange to complain of the high rate of interest when the country has never paid either principal or interest.

On the 12th of Oct. 1851 Brazil lent Montevideo half-a-million dollars to keep out Oribe, and, after the fall of Rosas and Oribe, a similar sum to reconstruct the country under Suarez and Giró. When General Flores got into power in 1854 a still larger advance was made by Brazil, and a small loan to Pres. Pereyra in 1858 brought up the debt to 1⅞ millions. By virtue of the Triple Alliance the Empire lent Flores nearly a million to equip his contingent for the war against Paraguay, and in 1867 assistance had to be again accorded to the amount of half a million. Add 2½ millions for interest at 6 per cent. up to close of 1871, and you have a total of $5,563,928 which Mr. Villalba says is the exact amount due, although the Brazilians claim something more for the difference of exchange.

In 1860 the Brazilians requested payment of the 1⅞ millions above alluded to, but the Minister of Finance declared he was in the anomalous position which reminds one of the highlander and the pantaloons, for the Custom-house was so *affected*, as the phrase goes, that he could not pay a dollar, but that at some future period the Government would endeavor to make arrangement to pay 6 per cent. interest and 1 or 2 per cent. sinking-fund on the English French and Brazilian debts. That period never arrived, and, as Mr. Villalba naively observes, from that time no one afterwards occupied himself with those matters.

But when the Paraguayan war broke out there was a first-rate opportunity, says Mr Villalba, for Gen. Flores to ask Brazil to wipe off the old debt and give him a donation for the equipment of his army of 5,000 men. Instead of that, Flores foolishly borrowed 800,000$ and agreed to pay besides interest a sinking-fund of 1 per cent. a month. So far from being able to do so he found himself obliged in January 1867 to borrow another half-million from the Empire, not having paid a cent. on account of the previous loan.

The Triple Alliance treaty, in Art. 5, stipulates that as soon "as the Republic of Uruguay can raise a loan "abroad it will pay off at once the capital and interest due to Brazil: in "the meantime whatever the Republic "may get out of Paraguay is to go "towards payment of the same".

Mr. Villalba winds up thus—"We have no means to pay either France or Brazil, nor can we fix any date at which we may begin to think of such a thing. The customs-duties are so high that we cannot put on fresh taxes, and smuggling is on the increase to the prejudice of the revenue. Perhaps after a year's peace we may think of promising to pay 6 per cent. interest and 2 per cent. amortization, but the new London loan negotiated by Mr. McKinnon, who has illegally mortgaged the Custom-house, will lead to great difficulty in paying these foreign debts".

LONDON LETTER.

With the summer-like weather we have had during the last two months the land burst prematurely into bud and blossom. To-day, as if by the wand of an enchanter, we seem to have been transported to some submarine region. A huge snow cloud came up from the north and in less than half an hour the heavens and the earth were the colour of a chalky stream. The trees seemed like white coral tinged with emerald; and lastly with gold, as a stray sunbeam shot through the watery air. Not once in a life time could you see the like. A fall of snow so sudden, so thick, and in weather so calm that where the flakes fall they rest and assume on bud and branch fantastic shapes I have seen in tinsel on the stage but never before in nature. This is the first cold weather we have had since November. Buenos Ayreans are reminded of their native winter; but generally speaking those gentlemen are enthusiastic in their admiration of the London climate. And for everybody but weak and wheezy people it is good. It is made for our sturdy race. The hardy Germans, by the way, who came to Newcastle to supplant the English workmen on strike have confessed they are not equal to the place. They have not the stamina of the natives, and their new employers could not get half the work out of them. All that we knew before, as English contractors in Germany have been obliged to stipulate with the Government for English labour to get through the work within a stated time. As for Yankees and Frenchmen they are as the Scotchman says, "oot of the question." We only condescend to compare ourselves with our calisthenics and gymnastics—loving German kinsmen who are so much greater than we in music and abstruse sciences. But it seems we can "punch their eds," and to do them justice they have 'eds' to punch. Two-thirds of the British House of Commons have not. The young 'rurals' burst out finely the night before last when that misguided young man Sir Charles Dilke, and that ineffable patriot Mr. Auberon Herbert, began to talk republicanism. Sir Charles Dilke, you remember, had given a notice of enquiry in regard to the civil list. When he rose to introduce the motion Lord Bury interposed and read the oath of allegiance and inquired of the speaker it as a point of order the hon. member for Chelsea who had avowed himself to be a republican had not infringed his oath. The objection was curtly overruled by the Speaker, and Sir Charles Dilke proceeded in a quiet way to detail his complaints against the method of auditing the civil list. He was answered with a great air of easy triumph by Mr. Gladstone who very likely convicted the bad member of some slight inaccuracies in his statement and left unanswered most of the allegations that doubtless were correct; but the fact is nobody cares about items in the civil list however disgraceful, and Sir Charles Dilke on that question had not the support of the principal members of the republican party in the house, such as Fawcett, Mundella and others. He was, however allowed to quietly state his case, and it was only when Mr. Auberon Herbert rose to second the motion and began like a boy to talk of his being a republican in theory, that the real fun commenced, and the majority without 'eds' had an opportunity of distinguishing themselves in an arena in which under ordinary circumstances they would never dare to open their lips. One of the 'young men' of the Conservative party, well known in the 'ring' in Hyde park, or at least his long legs and his horse are well known, came out superbly. His cock-a-doodle-doo was pronounced inimitable, and his "Hee haw" was nature itself. The house groaned, roared and hissed and finally with a rush to the doors made three attempts at a 'count out.' Lord Eustace Cecil 'espied strangers in the galleries,' and these were cleared. But still the Hon. Auberon kept at it with a 'staccato' movement, edging in word by word at every pause in the tumult. At last the house did divide, and what a division; for the motion 2, against 276.

The Two, the immortal Two, deserve to be mentioned. They were two sturdy Northerners, who, it is to be hoped, will live to go into the Lobby on a similar but worthier occasion, with more backers. They were Mr. Anderson, the member for Glasgow; and Sir Wilfred Lawson, whose known objection to wholesome beer is his greatest sin that I am aware of. We cannot but admire one of a minority of two against a majority of 276, two-thirds of whom were young louts without real political convictions one way or the other, and whose work in the House of Commons is to vote as directed by their chiefs, or to "bellow," as O'Connell once said, "like beasts." Another great Irishman—Burke—when a 'rural' objected to criticisms on the Civil List as showing a want of deference to the King, turned round sharply and said, he had deference for the King, but that was no reason why he should display deference for the King's man-servant, his maid-servant, his ox, and—staring at his interlocutor—his ass.

Two or three attempts have been made to induce Mr. Gladstone to explain the intentions of the Government in regard to the American claims; but he wisely defers all explanations till the answer just sent to the American reply has been received at Washington, and the question again considered by the American Cabinet. There are great fears that the treaty will fall through unless there is some public pressure in America on the obstinacy of the Cabinet. England cannot and will not yield; but so long as the American statesmen seek shelter under the wording of the treaty, and make no boast of their cleverness, war need not ensue. In the meantime, at Geneva the advocates of the two countries are busy preparing their cases for the 15th April. The *Times* seems to think that unless we protest before that date we shall be legally bound to the treaty, and that the gentlemen in the American Cabinet have, by delaying the correspondence, only prepared for us another surprise. The Americans are, on the other hand, proceeding lustily in their task of purifying their public administrations. It seems strange that a shrewd and democratic people should persist in allowing by the Constitution the re-election of a President, whilst they will not elect him for life. In the latter case there is the advantage of a permanent as compared with a mutable system. In the first case there are the disadvantages of both.

The French papers have been greatly alarmed at the rumours of an alliance between Germany and Italy. The alliance by which Italy guarantees to Germany Alsace and Lorraine and receives Savoy and Nice is likely enough; but the rumoured secret clause respecting the dismemberment of Austria, though generally believed, is not yet confirmed, and at present it is altoger premature to refer to it.

The political position of France seems to preclude the possibility of war, though we hear of preparations. Her probable ally, Russia, is not yet ready. The reign of M. Thiers is one of the most melancholy episodes in French history. It is the Empire over again without even its 'idées' of progress—the Empire, perhaps, of respectability, instead of the Empire of adventurers and courtezans, but as disastrous; as a new government could have succeeded the regime of both Napoleon and continued his work, whilst the successors of M. Thiers will have everything to do anew, but to pay the Germans, which is the one good thing the Thiers Government has honestly undertaken. Its finance and politics are so hopelessly mixed grade that except to count and to weep over the inhuman executions of Communists, who are convicted on sleight evidence after a cruel delay of two to months, there is really nothing worth recording in the acts of the Versailles Government, which every one feels is provisional, and must come to some vile end from one day to another.

The stringent law which has been passed at Versailes against the International Society was servile and impolitic, as it gives to that society an importance it never before possessed, and enlists on its side the sympathies of men far more dangerous than the workmen of whom it is nominally composed. I know for a fact that since the persecution of the society by the German and French Governments, many English literary men, "pères de famille" and all that, have joined the society, and would under other circumstances never have dreamt of becoming members of a secret society. The Germans, both the Government and people, seem to have recognised their error. The present prosecutions of Bebel, Hepner, and Liebknocht are not popular even with the small shopkeepers. The prosecution of young Westervelle resulted in a ludicrous failure. It is not by such senseless persecution that Germany will prove its cleverness in combatting the "Blacks" or the "Reds." A far wiser plan is to do as Bismarck did the other day, make a Prussian Peer of an old revolutionist.

Misfortune and respectability continue to pursue the Claimant, who is wrongfully accused of brandy-drinking in his cell. An application, made on the 20th inst. at the judge's chambers, to bail him, was rejected, as the sureties were not satisfactory. Sir Travers Twiss, a victim of a different kind, resigned his appointments as Queen's Advocate and in the Ecclesiastical Courts. His resignation was voluntary, and on account of ill health, through recent anxiety. It is painful to think that a man's private life and career are at the mercy of an old scoundrel like Chaffers. Of course, the obvious moral is, to take care of our private lives; but it is a curious social fact, without any special allusion, that in the class of men of all others the most cultivated—namely, barristers—advanced notions in regard to certain social relations are the most prevalent. Barristers are accustomed to logical issues. The women, too, appreciate the logic; it is one of the few gifts they do not possess.

The grand National has been won by several lengths in a canter by Casse-tete; Scarrington, 2; Despatch, 3; and the Irish pony, 4. The pony was, of course, over handicapped for winning. Casse-tete is a light weight, and although not so much a favourite as Despatch, she was not down as winner in more than one book. Twenty-five horses started. The weather was cold but fine, and the course crowded beyond precedent.

Mr. George N. Sanders has published in to night's *Globe* a letter to Justice Nelson, Supreme Court, Washington. Mr. Sanders, who is an American, makes out that by the constitution of the United States the treaty of Washington, even if consummated, would not secure England from depredations similar to those committed by the Alabama, as the English commissioners might have supposed it would. Mr. Sanders in concluding a long letter says—"How could it possibly imagine that a chancellor of your high authority could sanction a treaty which in a few months you might be compelled to declare null and void." Mr. Sanders hints that practically such conduct is a fraud.

The accounts from France this evening are not satisfactory.

EDITOR'S TABLE.

One of the most daring and dastardly attempts at assassination ever made in this city of many murders took place on Monday night in Calle Florida about 9 o'clock; the particulars are as follow: Shortly after the hour named two ladies well known in Buenos Ayres society—Señora de Castellanos and her daughter Señora de Anchorena—rushed, in a state of agitation, into the well known and fashionable establishment of Mr. Jones, druggist, in Calle Florida. Without saying a word to Mr. Jones or any of his assistants the ladies passed rapidly to the parlour behind the shop, Señora de Castellanos commencing at once to undress, aided by her daughter. Mr. Jones, who had followed them after a moment of surprise at their manner and evident haste, then first ascertained that the older lady had just been stabbed in the back by a man who disappeared suddenly up Calle Piedad. Most fortunately one of the ablest surgeons in the country Dr. Ayer, of Calle Florida, was in the house at the moment and was at once called in. Señora de Castellanos being undressed and examined a small puncture, so slight as to be scarcely perceptible but for the flow of blood, was discovered in the back, about an inch under the right shoulder blade. On being probed the wound proved to be of great length and to have taken a sharp downward slant, Dr. Ayer expressing an opinion that though dangerous it was not mortal, and that the intended victim owed her life to her extreme corpulency. Throughout the whole painful proceedings after the first shock, Sra. de Castellanos showed the greatest coolness and pluck, and her daughter was also perfectly collected. A rumour of the cowardly crime flew like wildfire through the neighbourhood, and while the wound was being dressed Mr. Jones's establishment became filled with ladies, all anxious for particulars of the event, the street outside being almost blocked up by a gaping crowd.

Sra. de Castellanos was able to walk firmly to her carriage when Dr. Ayer had dressed the wound, and on enquiring yesterday we learned that she was progressing favourably. There will probably be a howl at the police for not being on the spot and capturing the criminal, and as far as such a charge goes there might be reason: but no police in the universe could anticipate or prevent a crime of this kind. Such deeds are rife simply because our miserable judicial system does not punish them.

The Douro arrived in port on Monday night, nevertheless, the public had to wait for its letters and papers till 5 o'clock yesterday. The fact is that the famous 'Cooter' business has had a very demoralising effect on every one and everything connected with the mail service. The clerks in the Post-Office feel that they belong to a Department over every corner of which 'cooter,' 'zooter,' 'pooter,' 'nooter' and the *Tribuna's* 'mot' yesterday morning, 'butter' are tatooed with the indelible ink of Ridicule. The Port-Captain and his men experience the same unpleasant sensation, as the 'cooter' is now the subject of general hilarity and daily joking and punning amongst all the foreign sailors on the beach. Strange to say the only two men not blamed by the public in this contemptible business are the Post Master General and the Secretary to the Post-Office; everyone knows they are victims to the childish blundering and petty views of the National Cabinet, their hands are tied.

To contradict the STANDARD on any and every conceivable subject seems to be the highest ambition of our esteemed colleagues of every shade and tongue in this city, quite irrespective of the leek-eating it entails in 99 cases of every 100. Yesterday, our assertion that the Provincial Bank had made arrangements in London to enable it to enter the Exchange market here, was categorically denied by the *Prensa*, as it was by another paper three or four months ago, when we first published it. It is quite as true, however, as Dr. Sarsfield's resignation, which was also indignantly called one of our 'cosas.' A reference to Minister Agote's Report will demonstrate that we are right. The news given by the *Wanderer* of Vienna is also called in question. Perhaps our Vienna contemporary may err, but it has not the reputation of doing so, and Our Own Correspondent in London, and local contemporary *l'Italiano* confirm the intelligence. On this treaty question, we anticipate, before the winter is over, another occasion for reminding our brethren of the press that our means of acquiring correct information, both here and in Europe, are not seldom much better than theirs.

In reference to an enquiry from a subscriber at Bella Vista, Leones, as to why we do not publish the marks of some cattle we announced as strayed to Navarro, we beg to say that there has been as yet no type cast in British founts to suit the capricious marks of Buenos Ayres cattle breeders, but whenever an owner chooses to go to the expense of getting a mark cast we are, of course, happy to insert it, but cannot undertake the cost ourselves.

M. de San Martin of the Southern Railway Tramway has invented a very useful ventilating apparatus which we expect to see in general use here before long. It is called the Portable Air Purifier and has been approved by the Municipality for public use. It is very simple and suited for public buildings, private houses, railway carriages &c. The inventor is a French gentleman of varied scientific attainments who has been some time in these countries, and is to be congratulated on the success of his simple but valuable invention.

Living in a financial neighborhood has its drawbacks as well as advantages. Standard Court is surrounded by banks, and in a month or two we shall have another 'vis a vis.' We have frequently experienced severe temptation, owing to our proximity to the Wanklyn Bank; and yesterday 50,000 sovereigns were deposited in our patio by the cartman who was directed to take them to our next door neighbors. Though unusually 'hard up,' we resisted a natural inclination to take a loan at call, and, with that magnanimity which distinguishes us and the free press in general, we sent a peon with the coin to its rightful owners. They offered us a reward, but we felt bound to refuse, for appearance sake. We have to request bankers and brokers, however, not to tempt us over much. As Sam Slick says, "there is a great deal of human nature" at No. 118 S. M., and they might try it once too often—we mean, the gold might go astray amongst Bullrich's heterogeneous collection of mouldy household gods.

A petrified substance like a man's head was taken from the stomach of a dead horse in Rosario last week, and it is thought it will be sent to the STANDARD museum. We don't want it, and won't have it. Bullrich sold some rare 'articles de vertu' of the museum (amongst them the coal and coal-scuttle discovered years ago at Fair's quinta) last week at reserved prices, to enable us to fulfil a heavy engagement. The bidders were so reserved that we didn't get the price of a new hat out of the whole lot, and could raise nothing on a man's or ass's head, so we decline the present with thanks.

Our reporter was unable to attend the opera either on Saturday or Sunday night, but we are glad to remark that all the critiques published yesterday morning speak in high terms of the performances of Un Ballo in Maschera. Sr. Piccioli, the tenor, astonished the house by the marked improvement in his singing, and the increased numbers of the audience teatify that the public is now acknowledging the merits of the company. Faust is announced for this evening.

In answer to an enquiry as to where Eucalyptus seeds can be procured we wish to mention that Mr. Coulin of 48 Calle San Martin has a large supply as also of all other seeds. Mr. Pippet, who wrote on this interesting subject some days ago, has also a full supply.

An orphan girl aged 14 was taken to the Asylum yesterday. It appears that the miserable child lost her parents during the Plague and had been leading a vagabond life ever since.

Mr. Hopkins' project for laying down telegraph wires through this city is warmly approved in all quarters. It is certain to pay splendidly if established, for the city postal service is so lame and the expense of sending peons or clerks with messages so great that both the private and business members of the community will be only too glad to patronize the new means of communication. Looked at from any point of view Mr. Hopkins' project is a most useful one for Buenos Ayres, and should be sanctioned without hesitation.

To-morrow is one of the two golden days which the youthful British community look forward to each year with such bright anticipations. Christmas and Easter bring plum-pudding, apple pies, and presents, but the Athletic Sports at Palermo can give them any weight in juvenile estimation and leave them "standing." British adults too, are by no means indifferent to the gathering, and it is said the "meet" to-morrow will be large and fashionable. The Athletic Society have neglected nothing that can conduce to success and the public amusement. The prizes should be inspected; they are very handsome and valuable.

Own might easily imagine that President Sarmiento's Message was concted in Downing Street. There is almost nothing in it but allusion to accomplished facts; its only point of difference with an average Queen's Speech is the omission of any allusion to the blessing of Providence on the labours of Honourable Senators and Deputies, with which both Royal Speeches and Presidential Messages all usually conclude. It is just as well perhaps that rulers should always remember Talleyrand when speaking or writing.

"Don Juan" was performed at the Victoria Theatre last night, all the characters being played by ladies.—Madame Bremon as the gay libertine. Of no character has such stage capital been made as Don Juan. He was a "ladies pet" while he lived, and the unwaning popularity of his naughty memory with fair theatre-goers proves that a saint has no chance with a sinner in female estimation, nor ever will have, "Every woman is at heart a rake". Oh Fie, my Lord!

Some provincial news came to hand yesterday, but it is not worth much. Betting on the expected capture of Guayama is even in Mendoza, but a 1000 to a 'pony' is freely offered that if captured he will escape within a week. Some six or eight of his band have already been captured. A Bolsa is about to be started in San Juan, and brokers are in demand. The race being scarce there, there is a Joint Stock Live Broker Import Company spoken of. Mr. Sanchez, C. E., is very ill at San Juan, and Mr. Burgos has assumed his duties. The Chief of the Telegraph Office in Tucuman has been dismissed. The 'guia' question has been arranged in Tucuman, Salta, Catamarca and Santiago; all parties satisfied and nobody much hurt.

The accounts from the Mount yesterday were more favourable; yet many persons believe the fever will linger on through the winter.

All the peons at work on the National Telegraph in the Upper Provinces are suffering from ague, and, in consequence, the empresario, Sr. Rojo, asks for a further term of three months to complete the line.

The reign of the Municipal Commission is over, as a new municipality has just been elected according to law and order. There are worse men in public posts than the Municipal Commissioners proved. They kept a sharp eye on tramways, conventillos, fondas, and things in general, and fined away right and left till Nature cried Hold! enough! They made one serious mistake in fining an editor one fine morning, but we forgive them as it was not us they mulcted, and we understand they remitted the imposition next morning in a note worthy of Junius. However, we hope the incident will be a warning to the present Board. 'Fiat experimentum etc.,' on anything and everything but editors—we can't afford it; that's a fact.

La Senorita Julia Delepierre, whose wonderful performances on the violin lately created almost as great a sensation as the storm, has arrived from Rio de Janeiro, and will shortly give some concerts in this city.

Some spring guns and man traps we recently ordered from England were delivered to us yesterday, and will be in position to-night. The Cafe Catalan was robbed of $10,000 m/c. the other night, and some heartless scoundrel stole a love letter from the Argentine Hotel.

We have received the following by the Douro:—The Chancellor of the German Empire completed on Easter Monday, the 1st of April, the fifty-seventh year of his life. He has succeeded, while still retaining undiminished bodily and mental vigour, and after having reached the pinnacle of success, in fulfilling the prediction which some years ago excited the mirth of his political antagonists; that he would some day become one of the most popular men in Germany. How well this prophecy has been realized we have very recently learned by the almost countless addresses which were forwarded from nearly every part of the Empire to assure the Chancellor of the gratitude and confidence of the German people.

There was fearful anxiety in the Cabildo prison on Monday amongst the prisoners when it became known that the Alcaide had proposed to stop the allowance of "cigarillos" they are in the habit of receiving. A utiny was imminent, but the Municipality decided not to deprive the scoundrels of their weed. We would'nt be in that Alcaide's shoes for a great many paper dollars.

The mail bag for the Asiatic closes at 10 o'clock this morning at the French Consulate.

Our Packet Edition for the Flamsteed, which will sail to-morrow, appears to day at noon.

THE AMERICAN REPLY.

The following article, signed by M. John Lemoin, appeared in the *Debats* of yesterday:—

"The reply of the United States Government has arrived in England, and it bears out the anticipations which have been expressed on both sides. There has been a misunderstanding in the negotiation and in the terms of the Treaty. It was discovered at the moment when the Treaty was about to be carried out; neither party is disposed to yield, and, as a last result, everything must begin again upon fresh bases. We have already explained the position of affairs. England consented to submit to arbitrators the question of indemnity for direct and clearly-defined damages. America thought itself warranted in adding to the claims for direct damages other cases, unlimited in number and undefined in extent, of indirect damages, the first effect of which was to render England responsible for the prolongation of the war and liable for the expense which it had entailed. This simple litle bill might possibly have attained proportions exceeding the ransom imposed upon France by Prusia; it might have reached 10 milliards; in fact, it opened a field for all sorts of fantastic calculations. That is so true that the Americans have never seriously maintained the demand; throughout the controversy they have seemed to say 'it is a joke'. It would appear that in its reply the United States' Government manifests a very conciliatory disposition; it would willingly arrange the difference, but it has not the power to do so. The interpretation which it has submitted to the Geneva Tribunal is that which is acceptable by the public opinion of the United States, and it is therefere impossible for it to withdraw its claims. England, as we have said, categorically refuses to allow itself to be drawn from the legal ground which it has selected; it will not submit to the arbitrators questions which it never intended to refer to them, even although it knew beforehand that the decision would be in its favour. England can quote a precedent of 20 years' standing in its justification.

In order to fix the boundaries between the States and the British Possessions in North America the two Governments selected the King of Holland as an arbitrator. The King defined the boundary line; England accepted his decision, but the American Government refused to do so upon the ground that the question submitted to the arbitrator was to decide between two lines of position specially defined; and not to fix upon a third and different one. Fresh negotiations were required and a new Treaty to settle that difference. It is probable that upon this occasion also it will be necessary to do everything over again. Seeing the evident disposition of both Governments to arrive at an agreement we might conclude that such agreement is easy to attain. And it would be so, in fact, if the matter rested between the two Governments, who could negotiate upon their sole responsibility by virtue of the right attaching to every executive power to conclude Treaties. But the English Government and the American Government do not stand in the same position. In the United States a Treaty concluded with a foreign Power to become valid requires the ratification of the Senate. It is that which imposes an obstacle to any amicable arrangement between the two Governments. Several methods of settling the dispute have been suggested—for instance, to stipulate before hand that the indemnities to be awarded shall not exceed a certain amount, or that the American representatives should declare that their demands for indirect damages are merely formal, and that the tribunal was not called upon seriously to consider them. But the English object, and not without reason, that such arrangement would not resolve the question; that they could not know whether the American Senate, having interpreted the Treaty in any particular manner, would not say that its own Government had exceeded their powers and would not insist upon the original demands.

The President of the United States and his Cabinet may make a particular arrangement, but the English Government cannot tell whether such arrangement or such new interpretation would be accepted by the Senate. In such an event nothing would be settled and nothing would be concluded, and England, which believed that it had got rid of this quarrel by the payment of some millions, might find it revived in the form of demands for indirect damages. The case is complicated by the proximity of the Presidential election in the United States, which precludes any candidate for the supreme office from allowing it to be said of him that he has abandoned the American claims upon England. This justice must be rendered to the English, they have not made the question one of party. They know that it is too serious an affair to be trifled with. It is a singular result that the Gladstone Ministry is at the same time shaken and strengthened by this question; it is shaken because it is a serious diplomatic check for it, and it is strengthened because no one wishes to undertake for it the task of getting out of this false position. Thus, as might have been foreseen from the first—that is, from the moment when it was found that the two parties had not understood each other, it is probable that the affair will remain as it is; that the tribunal at Geneva will constitute itself formally and will summon the parties; that the representatives of the United States will declare themselves ready to appear to plead, but those of England will abstain, asserting that the questions submitted to the tribunal are not those which are specified in the convention. As a last resort, fresh negotiations must be opened by fresh negotiators, and in the meantime the quarrel will remain open."

FLORES IMPROVEMENTS.

Dear STANDARD,

Do you know how the Burger Park, at Bremen, came into existence? probably not, and so I will tell you how.

The government gave the land, an estimate was framed, application was made to the citizens for money, and trees and plants of every description. Both, so necessary things for a public garden, came in plenty. Those who gave enough trees or shrubs to form a 'gruppo' were allowed to have them planted as such, and many times these were named after the donor. Others gave garden banks, bridges for the lakes, &c.; and now after half a dozen years the park is the pride of every Bremen citizen, and any day when business and weather allows, he goes to have a look at his trees, and to see how they are growing. In the midst of the park a small music hall and so-called restauration house was erected, but this was soon found to be too small, and they resolved to build a large and beautiful building at a cost of 20,000 thalers, which to day probably will be nearly finished.

The plaza of Flores is not the place for a public garden, it is too small and too noisy; every pulpero has the right to fire off rockets whenever he likes, and does not care if he chases away the sweet, little singers, without which a park is not a park.

In my opinion the best place for a park is the vicinity of Caballito, which is in easy reach of every one. Were an order given for a large piece of land to be expropriated, and some high standing Porteños and foreigners to form a committee for the establishing of a public garden, I am sure it would succeed, and a public garden be no longer among the so many wants the foreigner 'enjoys' here.

As for my part, I guarantee for the first large 'gruppe.'

Yours truly,

A GERMAN.

TESTIMONIAL TO CAPTAIN WEBSTER, OF THE S.S. ALPS.

As the French mail steamer Amazone remained at Rio Janeyro for repairs, the passengers for the River Plate were sent on by different steamers.

We, the undersigned, were fortunate enough to get a passage by the s.s. Alps, which towed the disabled steamer, Amazone, from Bahia to Rio.

Too much cannot be said in favour of her gallant and obliging Captain Webster and officers, from whom we experienced the greatest kindness and attention, and we merely do justice in testifying so with our best thanks.

Outer Roads, Buenos Ayres,
4th May, 1872.

(Signed)

Seferino de la Lastra. P. Crontzeilles and wife, Amelie Dutertre, Maria Dutertre, A. Cantin and wife Chr. Sommer, jr., Caroline Thiriot, Eugenie Thiriot, H. Sommer.

ON 'CHANGE.

May 7, 1872.

Ounces	400
Soys	122½
Pats	25
National Bonds	73½

The King bought freely this morning, which helped to maintain prices. He tried to resell in the afternoon, but it could not be done. The bond market, however, is not to say weak; money rules far too plenty for any sudden drop in the market, although the bears are very sanguine that bonds have touched their highest for some time. The rise in the Bank rate at home, it is said, affects the market here; also the fact that the Douro has brought no money for the National Government, no money for Entre Rios, and, worse still, none for Paraguay. Still, it is absurd to look for such heavy specie remittances as we have been of late receiving to come by every packet. A stop must come some time, and most probably now. The sales were freer than yesterday—

For cash	11,000 at	73⅜
"	10,000	73½
31 May	20,000	73⅜
"	35,000	73⅜
June 30	45,000	74⅛
"	50,000	74½

In Cedulas Series A 1000 at 94. Very little doing in this stock.

Exchange ruled to-day at 49⅜ and 49½. A fair business done.

It was announced on 'change that Mr. Charles Jackson, the well known broker and capitalist, is on board the Douro. His wide circle of friends will give him a warm welcome.

The sale we mentioned yesterday of premises in front of the STANDARD office, as a site for the new Banco Hipotecario, was finally arranged to-day by the judge for $3,550,000 m/c. The property belonged to the estate of M. Hue, deceased.

The M. V. telegram gave:

Sta. Catalina Lara, Paragua, Amaro; Cadiz Emanuel P. Amisicicia; business in imports and exports paralyzed. No new fever case to-day 1 death, water ordered to be analyzed; paper 3, foreign Debt 66; extraordinary Debt 54; Home 50⅜; Rescate 79⅛.

Mr. Frank Parish Chairman of the local board of Directors of the Buenos Ayres Great Southern Railway, notifies shareholders that the interest on all payments on the Salado Extension shares is now collectable at his office.

The bonds of the Uruguay loan are in request at a recovery of ⅜. Bolivian scrip has farther risen ¼ per cent. Other foreign stocks in London are dull.

The Douro's mail's were only delivered this evening between 4 and 5 o'clock.

The business in the Once to-day was as follows:

Sold:

2 carts of wool at $90.

500 ar. Lambs 78.

There remains no stock at the Station, nor at the Plaza.

Out of deposit nothing sold. People waiting to read the letters.

The Douro has brought the following—

"We have now to report the following changes since our last report—

"W.S. Ox and Cowhides—There has been a slight revival in the demand, and the sales show a fair total in the past fortnight. Prices are just a shade easier, but on the whole the market is in a satisfactory state, as stocks are being reduced, and there are no heavy arrivals to notice. The Antwerp market is also in a good, sound condition, and prices have been paid for several lots which were quite unobtainable ten days or a fortnight ago. Altogether the prospects for the new season's hides are satisfactory.

"W.S. Horsehides—Some considerable sales have been made at 16 to 17d. per hide advance, and prospects for remaining stock are better.

Tallow—Since our circular of 14th inst suffered a still further decline, but in the past week the low consumptive demand has revived, and prices have fully recovered what was lost the week before. Our quotations to-day are—for fine beef 44 to 45s. and for mutton 42/6 to 43/6. In consequence of speculative operations, the price of Russian Y.C. has been forced up to an extravagant figure, but as soon as the amount for this month is closed prices will approximate more closely to actual value. Quotations are, 77/6 to 80s. for March, 55/6 to 56s. April to June, and 48s. October to December.

"Wool—The market is decidedly easier both here and on the Continent; still there is a fair demand, assisted by stray purchasers from the U. States. Our next colonial sales begin on the 11th prox., but so far very little over 120,000 bales have arrived, so that we may look for late prices being at least supported.

"Sheepskins—Stocks are moderate, and there is but little doing, prices being unaltered.

"Horsehair—There is very little business to report. Stocks are pretty large, and prices nominally as last reported.

"Boneash and Bones—There is a good demand and prices are well supported, small cargoes being worth £7 5s. for bones, and £5 17s. 6d. for boneash.

"Nutriaskins—There is no alteration in the stock, and prices are quite nominal.

"Money-market—The Bank minimum continues 3 per cent., and the open market fully equals this. The Argentine hard dollar loan lately established here stands at 6½ to 7 premium on £35 p. $500 bond paid, and £33 for the fully paid up.

United States—Our last dates from there are to 16th instant by letter and 28th by cable. At the former date the markets for wools, hides, and sheepskins continued strong without any material change in prices. On 28th instant gold closed at 110⅜, and exchange on London at 109½."

Messrs. Mariano Gowland and Pastor Frias have established a new commission and auctioneering firm in this market under the name, style and firm of Gowland and Frias.

The firm of Spikerman and Jaureguay is dissolved, Mr. Spikerman winds up the business of the old firm.

To-day the most notable business in the South market was a sale of four thousand dry hides at the unprecedented price of 190 m/c. per pesada. Mr. Mendez sold the hides, and Mr. Luis Martinez was the purchaser.

The new firm of Roldan and Lanuz is announced, Sr. Sr. D. Anacharsis Lanuz sleeping partner and Messrs. Belisario Roldan and Michael Lanuz managing partners.

The coastwise trade for the month of April gives the following returns—158 vessels entered with 5,538 tons; sailed, 167 vessels with 4,887 tons.

The National Government telegraph office seems to be hard worked. The line to Rosario carried last month 16,391 messages, of these 195 were for the Government. This return certainly seems exaggerated, if not, we live in the most telegraphic talking country on the face of the globe.

The wool market news per Douro was as follows:—

Wool and worsted.—Bradford, April 8.—The wool market is very inanimate to-day. The public sale of last week seems to have had a depressing effect upon the market, and staplers are very indifferent as to operations. The business doing is very restricted, and simply to cover pressing wants. The position of the stapler is very unsatisfactory. He finds great difficulty in realising the prices given in the country, and there is no disposition to operate, except at a decline on late rates. Holders generally do their utmost to keep their stocks at full rates, though in some description of wool there is not an unwillingness to meet a customer. The depression in the wool market tends to impart a similar tone to the yarn market.

An important land auction, by order of the courts, takes place at Mercedes on the 22nd of May: a small estancia between Giles and Mercedes, 12,000 varas front by 7,000 depth, valued at $144,000 m/c. Less than 100,000 m/c. will buy the place.

One of the largest flour mills in the district of Lobos is now offered on a lease: the place is admirably suited for a large business.

Mr. Andrew Miller has commenced business as a commission merchant and consignee.

Dr. Pinedo, representing the widow and heirs of the late Don J. N. Fernandez, protests against the Judge in Rosario ordering the sale of any properties or assets. Buyers had better be on their guard.

A meeting of the creditors of J. M. Pono is called for on the 10th inst., at one o'clock, to name trustee.

The heirs of Don Juan Ducning, deceased, are summoned to forward claims.

A general meeting of the creditors of Don Jose M. Hornos is called for the 8th instant, to discuss bankrupt's petition for a year's grace.

The business of the bankrupt Manuel Berros, a country dealer at Tapalque, has been handed over to the creditors, Lure Togegaray, Astoul y Alen G Mohorade, J M Avendand, who assume the debts.

Messrs. Pedro Larrondo and Pedro Marius are summoned by the Provincial Bank to answer demands.

Messrs. Balugera, Castagnio, and Goenaga protest against sale of estancias in Entre Rios to Mr. Garcia Garcia, and convey the property in dispute to a third party.

The great dry goods trade auction at the house of Messrs Drabble and Co. began to-day and lasts for three days. Prices to-day good, and attendance of bidders crowded. All the Italian dealers in dry goods in town now buy at these trade sales.

The firm of Cross and Galup is dissolved by expiration of contract. The business will be carried on by the new firm of Galup and Gamboa.

The Magellan, from Valparaiso, is due in Montevideo on the 11th. Passengers, to catch her, must leave in Flamsteed on 9th.

Bullrich and Co. sell on 30th inst. the fine house at the corner of Rivadavia and Riobamba—17x41—valued at $339,600 m/c. The sale is ordered by the court.

The same auctioneers will sell on 30th inst. the house No. 60, Parana, 16x50, valued at $190,000. sale judicial.

Same auctioneers will sell on 10th magnificent household furniture at 24 Calle Artes—Mr. H. Counter's, who leaves for Europe.

Attention has been called to the official statement that the National Government has £300,000 sterling placed out at interest in the London market; has cash in Treasury here over six million pats.; has entire army list paid up to March, and has half of the Thirty Million London Loan yet to negotiate in that market this year.

It was stated to-day that Mr. Michael Cuyar has declined 'in toto' to leave the Bank to fill the post of Minister. He states that he will remain in the Provincial Bank as long as he lives. Dr. Victor Martinez has also declined the post of Minister of Government. The commercial public would feel better pleased if both these excellent men had entered office.

Magnificent plans of the proposed new port at Montevideo are now, thanks to the kind attention of a merchant, to be seen at our office; they are well deserving of an inspection. We purpose giving further particulars of this great scheme, which has yet to be carried out.

Gold for the Paraguayan Government is now looked for by the Chilian steamer. The Paraguayan business is very badly arranged, and much talked of.

The packet entered port last night; a small steamer put off this morning; but what with fumigations, pontoon delays, &c., the mails were not on shore before 12 o'clock. Owing to the various rumours current about the markets and politics there was more than usual anxiety to get the letters, yet we seldom recollect them longer in coming ashore. The Douro when she sent ashore her specie (£100,000) and mails, dropped down to Ensenada to put up her quarantine. She has one million of patacones on board for the Oriental government, the interest on which will be lost until she gets back to Montevideo. Ensenada was never in such a state before in the way of quarantine; the place is crowded with steamers, and the Lazzareto filled from floor to roof, not a dozen lazarettos, such as the government has there, would accommodate all the passengers.

The National Government proposes at this congress to open a national territory department for the sale of public lands to immigrants. This is decidedly a move in the right direction, and all parties felicitate President Sarmiento on the idea. The message to Congress this year has undergone much criticism; upon the whole it is well received as a truthful glance at the position of the country. In political circles it is said that the session will be violent and stormy, and important state disclosures are looked for. The Ministers of Hacandos' report is much looked for; we hear it will be out in a few days, as it is at present in the hands of the printer.

Dr. Bernardo Irigoyen was spoken of to-day as the probable Provincial minister of government; no better man could be named to the post. The doctor is much esteemed in commercial circles, and as president of the Argentine Bank has immense connections.

The river was very low to-day, and last week the same way; this is considered generally at this time of the year as a sign of an impending storm. The particulars of the Rio storm took every one by surprise to-day: few seemed to have heard a word about it, although full details were in the Brazilian papers.

The best answer we can give our colleague *La Prensa* to its long article on the exchange question and the Provincial Bank is the following extract from Minister Gorostiaga's report—

"In my former report I adverted to the important question of the Bank opening a credit in Europe with a view to draw exchange, and which was referred to the agent of the Government in England. The Government, without renouncing its right to arrange the business, allowed the interference of a competent third party, who had sent out offers from one of the most respectable London banks to open a credit secured for £500,000, and a further open credit for £100,000. Immediately on the receipt of these proposals I laid them before the Bank Board for their consideration. The Directors, without coming to any arrangement with the Bank, laid before the Government an exhaustive note expressing the general conditions which they considered convenient for the opening of said credit, and which they considered should be for a large amount, and open, guaranteed by National Bonds. This note was forwarded to London, and the Government awaits the reply by next mail. The Bank Board also informed the Government that a distinguished Argentino has expressed his belief that this operation can be carried out with one of the principal London banks, which affords probable cause for believing that sooner or later the measure will be carried out. When once arranged on, it will greatly extend the sphere of usefulness of the Bank, giving it power over the fluctuations in the exchange market."

It is to be hoped that the foregoing will silence all questions on this matter. Many of the papers so far back as last January took the trouble to flatly contradict the news about this matter which we then published, and which is now fully borne out by the Minister himself. In all such matters our colleagues must always stand back; their role is second fiddle.

To-day we were favored with further Boyne advices—the only good day the passengers had on board was the 16th, day she left Montevideo. The only passengers that were able to go to table until coming near Rio were Mr. and Mrs. Robert McClymont, Mr. and Mrs. Methvin, Mr. Thos. Drysdale and Mr. Larrazabal. When 35 miles off Rio harbor the storm struck her; Captain Reeks, with true Scotch caution, at once put out to sea; that night was for many a whole life time. No steamer that ever left the Plate had a more pious crowd of passengers.

Respecting the terrific storm at Rio an English merchant informs us that instead of three days rain, it rained almost consecutively from the 3rd April to 29th, at least so his letters from Rio state—and the Patagonia was detained four days in the harbour owing to the unexampled severity of the weather.

The Legislature of Entre Rios has just granted to Mr. Henry Bastur a 15 years privilege for supplying Uruguay, Victoria, Gualeguay and Parana with water and gas. The concession is said to be a splendid one.

Mr. Carranza, so well and favorably known in this market, was expected in town to-day from Bolivia, from whence he brings some valuable concessions for very important schemes.

The divers are now at work in the Outer Roads at the old anchorage of Newton and Tycho Brahe searching for a box of machinery containing some parts of the Montevidean Road steamer, and without which it cannot work.

This afternoon it was freely reported that Mr. John Dillon, of Merlo, will be our new Provincial Minister.

CONSIGNEES OF THE R.M.R. CO DOURO

Messrs. Gireod and Co, McLean and Co, J. P. Bayley, J. Bernasconi J Nield and Co, Shaw Bros, Milligan & Co, Let Huergo, J Best & Bros, Soriano & Co, W.R. Thomas, Volk, Gifford Bros, Drabble Bros & Co, W.B. Gilmour & Co T Cibils, J. Mayol, Palmer Fraham & Co, Jose de Carabassa, T. J. Ricard, Hibbert & Co, T Louz, Wolf Wisner & Co, J. B. Hause & Co. M Auchoorna, Fels Soyffert A Co, Guard & Co, Mallmann and Co, J C Sanchez and Co, C. M. Joley, E Geol and Co, Wedekind and Co, Bustamante and Co, Ebbinghans and Co, Bemberg Heimendall and Co, P Tacuari, Lavalino and, G Perregaux, J Puriselle, Ruiz Vega and Co, E James, E Furt, E Astie and Firmat and Co. A P Ramos.

ARRIVALS.

May 7th.

Spanish brig Antoniola, 160 tons, captain J. Torres to Messrs. March & Co with 25,000 paving stones,

English steamer Douro to Messrs. Benn & Co. from Southampton.

Nacional steamer Aguila to Rubio y Foley from Victoria.

SAILINGS.

May 7th.

The steamer Rio de la Plata for Concordia.
Do do General Garibaldi for Gualeguay.
Norruga brig Svalen for Rosario.
British do Jorssie for Concepcion.

THE DETESTABLE ZOOTER, or COOTER, or POOTER, or whatever else we may wish to call it, is all well enough for the conveyance of specie, love letters, or ove now married couples (desirous of a long honeymoon trip), but it would never do to trust a valuable cargo of Otard, Dupuy & Co's matchless brandy in so frail an old tub.

DEATH.

April 29th, at the Irish Convent School, Mary M'Donnough, aged 15 years.

PRIVATE PIANO and SINGING LESSONS.

A German Gentleman wishes to give lessons in the above-named Brauches. He would also teach in Schools it required.

Apply at Calle Independencia, No. 164, or at Calle Esmeralda 280. cj—86 xp a0

Pectoral del Dr. J. C. Ayer.

Montreal en el Canada, 5 de Junio 1865.

Dr. J. C. Ayer:

Muy Sr. mio:

Estuve afligido con el ahogo por mas de 20 años sin poder a veces acostarme por meses enteros. En mi caso era heredado y yo habia ya desconfiado de curarme, cuando, bendito sea el dia me persuadieron a probar un frasco de su Pectoral de Cereza. Bien pronto la expectoracion llego a serme mas facil y podia gozar de un sueño refrescante en cama. Mis vecinos consideran mi curacion casi un milagro, y yo siempre tendre sentimientos de gratitud hacia V. por el alivio que he esperimentado. Me considero completamente curado con su medocina admirable,

Soy su obediente servidor,
Q.S.M.B.
EDUARDO J. CHEEVER.

Oficina para conceder los Privilegios de Invencion en los Estados Unidos
En Washington, 2 de Mayo 1855.

Muy querido amigo,

Sin que V. haya esperimentado la congoja y angustia del Asma, no puede saber ni apreciar el bien que me ha hecho su Pectoral de Cereza en curarme de este padecimiento. Durante veinte años me ha sido preciso dormir en un sallon casi siempre. Cuando me acostaba, parecia que me iba a sofocar. Sentina mucha sequedad en los pulmones y con dificultad podia pasarles el alimento suficiente para conservar la vida. Esperimente muchos remedios y facultativos celebres sin conseguir mejoria. Habiendo visto un certificado de un caballero conocido mi, recomendando su 'Pectoral de Cereza' a la confianza publica, principie a tomarlo como V. dirije de 20 a 30 gotas a la vez durante el paroxismo. A poco tiempo estaba mucho mejor y estoy ya enteramente libre de la enfermedad. Si estas medicinas hacen para otro lo que han efectuado en mi, es V. en realidad un "bienhechor de la humanidad."

Con sentimientos del mas alto aprecio por saber de V., soy su atento servidor.

Q.S.M.B.,
ENRIQUE SHIELDS.

EL CRUP debe aliviarse al momento que se descubre, o pronto llegara a ser incurable y tendra un resultado funesto. Tiene su causa en la formacion de una membrana falsa al traves de la traquea y preciso es que se evite esto,—o que se extirpe sino con certeza sobrevendra la sofocacion. Al momento que se oye la tos o hipo peculiar a esta enfermedad, se administrara un emetico o vomitivo (de antimonio si lo hay a mano) y cuando este haya operado, se cura a la enfermedad con dosis frecuentes de Pectoral de Cereza. Donde quiera que haya niños debe haber constantemente en casa una botella de Pectoral de Cereza, porque el tiempo precioso que se pierde en procurarlo, puede ser lo suficiente para que sea fatal al niño querido.

Lea esta, de un medico del campo, de mucha experiencia.

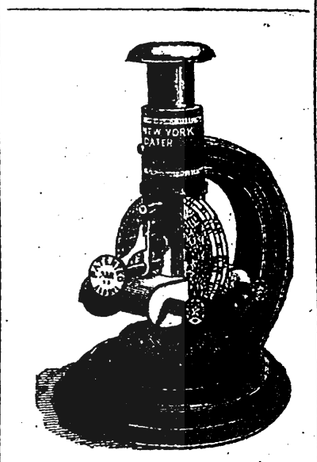
Franklin, Estado de la Carolina del Norte, Abril 10, 1854.

Muy Sr. mio,

Las enfermedades mas prevalentes en este vecindario son las de la garganta y de los organos respiratorios. Despues de una larga esperiencia con el, estoy convencido de que su Pectoral es remedio mas seguro y mejor para las varias afecciones de la garganta y de los pulmones. De consiguiente lo receto para mis pacientes con preferencia a toda otra medicina. Siempre ha producido alivio pronto y permanente, y el niño mas pequeño lo toma muy agusto porque es muy agradable. En casos de Crup ha salvado muchas vidas que se hubieran perdido a no tenerlo a mano en el momento critico. Siempre recomiendo a mis amigos tenerlo en su casa para evitar esta esta especial enfermedad, puesto que cuando han de hirlo a buscar despues del ataque, puede llegar demasiado tarde. Creo escrupulosamente que presta mucha proteccion a todos las familias que toman mi consejo.

Soy su seguro servidor, Q.S.M.B.
JUAN D. WAYLAND,
Doctor en Medicina.

El Pectoral del Doctor Ayer se vende en todas las Boticas. fm3



HOLT'S RIBBON HAND STAMP,

For use of Banks, Houses of Commerce, Offices, &c.

Requires no ink, prints with ribbon, and has the dates till 1880. Took the Gold Medal in the Paris Exhibition, and has received Medal, in many Exhibitions in the States.

This Stamp has been introduced in Montevideo and in Buenos Ayres.

The following certificate is from houses in Montevideo, which have had the Stamp in use during six months past:—

Montevideo, October 5, 1871.

The undersigned certify that they have in use the Ribbon Hand Stamp, known as Holt's, manufactured by Secombe Company, of New York, and that they are well satisfied with the same and consider it the best they have ever used.

Signed by

ezica, Lanus and Fynn, Scott, Yarrow and Co.; G. R. Gepp, Francisco A. Gomez, Fales Rücker, Administrador de Correos; Empresa del Gas Real, Hnos., I. Guillot, F. Veigis PP Mata and Ca., B. Peixoto, Matto, Paiva & Ca., Clausen, Rathje & Ca; W. D. Evans, A. Carlevaro & hijo Miguel Gumma y Ca., A. Demarch, hnos & Ca, E. Fynn & Ca., Thos. H Howard, Congeicao & Co, Alejando M. Lerena, Primo Tiendo; Salg Hnos, A. Maras, Souza & Ca., S

Ribeira, Juan A. Turenne, Sub-Tesorero de Aduana; B. Molian, Antonio Rubio, Antonio R. Pires, John Oldham, Telegraph Company; Leon Townley, por Banco-Frarco-Platense; M. Pettit, Galli, and Co., Walter Hortley, J. D. Jackson, Amaro Carve, Prins Richards and Co., R. R. Pooler C.E., and many others.

In Buenos Ayres this Stamp is in use in the Custom House, Wanklyn's Bank, many of the Offices of Government, and more than two hundred houses of commerce, lists of which will be given hereafter.

Agent for South America,
J. F. BAILEY,
DEPOSITO IN BUENOS AYRES.

Nueva Libreria Inglesa,
75——SAN MARTIN——75
(Almost in front of the Bolsa.)

In this Establishment may be found all styles and sizes of this Stamp, with and without dates puitable for every use to which Stamps are applied. cj—my1

ALEXANDRIA COLONY
SANTA FE.

Messrs. J. THOMSON, T. BONAR, and CO. of London,

Having established a large and important Colony in the Province of Santa Fe, with facile riverine communication, and supplied with Agricultural Implements and Stores of every description necessary for settlers, are now prepared to receive applications from families or others desirous of purchasing and settling on their own freehold Farms.

Every information and assistance will be given to intending settlers, on application to Messrs. J. Thompson, T. Bonar and Co.'s, 42 San Martin, Buenos Ayres. cj—71 xp

Compania Tramways
DE DA
Cuidad Buenos Aires
(Limited).

Se previene a los Accionistas que deben integrar la cuarta y ultima cuota de dos libras esterlinas por accion antes del dia 17 de Mayo, vencido esta plaza tienen un recargo de 10 p. % anual.

Oficina, Tres Esquinas, Barracas,
Mayo 4 de 1872.
LA ADMINISTRACION.
h..56 14p m6

Frederick Dennehy,
23½—PIEDAD—23½
BUENOS AYRES

Hours—From Eleven to Two o'Clock.

House, Land, Business, Partnership, Custom House, and Insurance Agent,
AND
Public Translator,
Advances Money on Mortgage, Buys and Sells Cedulas, Shares, &c.
h..232 1 m a 25

TEA! TEA! TEA.
$20, $20, $20.
In Packets of One Pound.
A TRIAL ONLY REQUISITE.
ENG

SAVINGS BANK

BANK MAUA AND CO.

101--Calle Cangallo--103

BUENOS AYRES.

The immense advantages of Accounts Current are now so generally felt and appreciated in the wo great emporiums of the River Plate, Montevideo and Buenos Ayres, that there are very few Merchants who fail to keep one at the bank in which they place the most confidence.

The Bank of Mauá & Co. in Montevideo has already provided for the working classes in that city a safe and profitable depository for their savings.

The sums deposited in that very important institution are daily increasing, and already reach a very large amount.

These advantages have not hitherto been enjoyed in this city by an immense number of clerks artisans, working men, and servants of all classes and conditions, who are equally interested in putting their savings out at interest, thus providing themselves with a reserve fund in case of need, sickness, or old age, instead of spending them in immoral gambling, in lotteries, and other frivolities.

The Bank of Mauá & Co. of this city, following the noble example of their firm in Montevideo, now offer the same facilities in this city, and has opened a Savings Bank at No. 103 Calle Cangallo from Nine a.m. till Three p.m. every day, for the reception of the savings of the classes already mentioned, Sundays and holidays excepted.

The Bank will deliver to each depositors a pass book, in which will be entered the amount deposited and withdrawn.

The depositor is permitted at any time to withdraw the whole or part of the sum deposited; in the former case the interes will be calculated up to date.

The Bank of Mauá & Co. is sufficiently known to the Public by the benefit derived from the course of its operations, which are regulated on the strictest and soundest principles, and always directed to promote the general welfare.

The Bank of Mauá & Co. are also persuaded that this new branch of their business will render immense service to the working classes of Buenos Ayres and its neighborhood.

Buenos Ayres, 2nd January, 1867.

P. P. MAUA & Co.,

M. A. DE FREITAS AMORIM

CONDITIONS.

First—The Bank receives at interest any sum from Twenty-five Dollars currency or one Silver Dollar upwards.

Second—The interest allowed is six per cent. (6 p. %) per annum, which is liquidated every six months.

Third—The depositors can at any time retire the whole or part of the money deposited.

Fourth—Once the money deposited exceeds Twenty-five thousand dollars currency, or one thousand dollars silver, the depositor, if he wish can open an account current, according to the rules established by the Bank.

Fifth—In case the depositor loses his pass book it can be replaced by another on paying twelve dollars currency, and advertising the loss in the public newspapers.

P. P. Mauá & Co.

M. A. DE FREITAS AMORIM.

VARA, 1 METRE HIGH, $12½ m|c. Do. 2 METRES HIGH $2

NEW PATENT FENCING.

Cheap, Light and Durable.

The best and cheapest way of dividing Lands, Wiring in Quintas, Gardens, Paddocks or Meadow Lands. Suitable likewise for making Hen Coops, &c

Patented by the FRENCH, SPANISH, and ITALIAN GOVERMENTS.

Sole Agents in the River Plate,

GVO. LEROY Y CIA.,

59 CALLE CUYO.

☞ Also every kind of Economical Stove, by which Bachelor Camp men can cook for themselves, and otherwise dispense with housekeepers.

spt 15

THE LONDON ASURANCE.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER,
FOR INSURING BUILDINGS, GOODS, AND MERCHANDISE AGAINST LOSS OR DAMAGE BY FIRE,
AT MODERATE RATES OF PREMIUM.

AGENTS:

MOLLER AND CO.,
CALLE CORRIENTES 61.

MRS. E. CHARLES offers her services to the Public in general as received Midwife. She will be ready to receive at any time, and at the shortest notice, Boarders who require her assistance at her residence, Calle Suipacha 309

cj—257 1m a28

THE OLDEST HOUSE IN BORDEAUX

(A.D. 1739.)

Messrs. Schroeder and Schyler, exporters of the best Claret and other superior vintages.

LONDON,
PALMERSTON BUILDINGS,
65 Fenchurch-street.

BUENOS AYRES,
Agents—E. PEQUIN & CO.

cj—263 xp a28

COMPANIA ARGENTINA DE SEGUROS

Segun lo dispuesto por la Direccion, la junta general de accionistas de que trata el Art. 27 de los Estatutos de dich Compañia que en seguida se inserta, tendra lugar este año como de costumbre en las oficinaf de la misma, el dia 10 de Maye proximo, a la una de la tarde.

B. Ayres, April 24 1872.
F. F. MORENO.
Secretario.

Articulo 27

Todos los años en el mes de Mayo la direccion convocará a Junta General de Accionistas y presentará a esta, inventario y balance general de los negocios de la Compania hasta el 30 de Abril anterior, acompañado de una memoria espresando los resultados prosperos o adversos, que se hubieran esperimentado en el año y las medidas que considere convenientes al interes comun para lo sucesivo.

cj—217 15p a24

STAMMERING.

A. C. FORBES,

Respectfully informs the Public that he ha taken Rooms at the

Hotel Provence,

For a short time, for the purpose of curing persons afflicted with

STAMMERING.

So confident is he of success, that no pay will be required until the utmost satisfaction is given.

CONSULTATION HOURS:
FROM TEN TO FOUR IN THE AFTERNOON.

cj—61 1m a6

The Northern Assurance Company

OF

LONDON & ABERDEEN.

CAPITAL,

£2,000,000

STERLING.

Accumulated Funds—£1,151,000.
Annual Life—Premiums——£120,000.
Annual Fire Premiums—£213,000.

This Company (Established in the year 1836) offers every advantage to Merchants and others desirous of Insuring their Property or Lives.

Settlements for Losses arranged in this City by the undersigned, under a Special Power of Attorney, without reference to the Head Office.

AGENTS,
JOHN EASTMAN AND SON,
9 & 11—Calle Defensa—9 & 11

cj—57 1m a20

BOOK-KEEPER.

A FIRST-CLASS BOOK-KEEPER, well experienced in business, speaking and writing five languages, desires employmeot.

References are permitted to Mr. J. H. Tucker, Peru, No 8. cj69 6p my1

WANTED, a Person to Plant Trees, in exchange for Land, at the rate of 1500 trees per square. For particulars apply at C. H. Twyford's, No. 102 Calle Piedad.

cj—26 15p my4

FOR SALE,

The GOOD-WILL and INTEREST of an old and well-established

HOTEL,
OR
BOARDING-HOUSE.

The present Proprietor having negociated to enter into Camp Business, will accept, in lieu of Cash, Sheep, Land, or other Property. Cash preferred.

Address O.K., at the Office of this paper.

cj—12 1m my2

THE BRITISH BARQUE ACTAEA

The Barque ACTAEA will leave this for ALGOA BAY,
Calling at Montevideo, should sufficient inducement offer, on about the 15th MAY.
Has splendid accommodation for families.
Apply to—
McDOUGALL & WILSON.
45—Paseo de Julio—45

cj—263 16p a30

JOHN FORREST and CO.,
CUSTOM-HOUSE, CAMP,
AND
GENERAL COMMISSION AGENTS,
44—CALLE 25 DE MAYO—44
And
86 CALLE DEL PUERIO,
Rosario.

McDougall and Wilson

SHIP-CHANDLERS,
45—PASEO DE JULIO—46
BUENOS AYRES,
(Opposite the Molo.)

91 xp f11

Monte Pio Autorizado.

By Special Permission of the Municipality, and under its inspection.

Charges for Interest 1 per cent. per Month.
" Expenses, 1 per cent. "
Goods and Valuables of all kinds received.

197—CALLE PARQUE—187.

h..282 x p a 30

DIVINE SERVICE
WILL (D.V.) BE HELD AT

Monte de los Blancos, Ajó, First Sabbath of MAY.
Espartillar, Ranchos, Third Sabbath, do.

Rincon de Noario, Magdalena, First Sabbath of JUNE.
Negreti, Ranchos, Third do.

Ranchos, First Sabbath of JULY.

M. P. FERUSON,
Chascomus.

cj—113 15p a12

TO BE LET

WITH IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.

The Quinta of

ROSEHILL

at

ALMAGRO.

Beautifully situated One Square from the Flores Tramway.

Comprises Twenty Rooms, Cellars, Algibe, Stable and Coach-house, and every accommodation for a large family; with Four Squares of Good Land, divided into alfalfares and fruit and flower gardens.

Apply to—
JOHN P. BOYD & CO.,
56—San Martin—56

d—234 10p a25

MORENO No. 70—Colchones elasticos. $200, roperos y Comodas 350$, camas de fierro desde 130$, trabajos de tapicesia y colchoneria a precios moderados, sillas americanas Moreno 70. cj—1461m a9

GERMAN BURMEISTER,
Consignatario de Frutos del Pais,
Wool and Produce Broker,
06—CALLE VENEZUELA—106.

Athletic Sports.

THE

AUTUMN MEETING

Will be held at

PALERMO,

ON

THURSDAY, MAY 9, 1872.

The following is the Programme, subject to alteration:—

High Jump Standing.
Do. Standing.
Length Jump Running.
Do Standing.
Hop-skip-and-Jump.
Pole Leaping.
Vaulting (single.)
Flat Race, 100 yards.
Do 200.
Do 440.
Do 880.
Do 1760.
Do 300 yds., youths under 18
Do 150 boys " 15.
Hurdle Race, 120, 10 flights 3ft. 6in.
Steeple-chase, 1,000 yards.

CONSOLATION STAKES.

Entries can be made at Messrs. Mackern, Brothers, 44 Calle San Martin, up to Seven, p.m. on Saturday, 4th May.

Competitors are requested to make themselves acquainted with the Rules and Bye-laws of the Society. cj—32 1m a3

EVENING SCHOOL.

BRANCHES TAUGHT.

READING, Writing, Grammar, Geography, History, Arithmetic, Algebra, Geometry, French, Italian, Spanish, Greek, Latin, Drawing, and Book-keeping. $50 per month, paid in advance.

191 Calle Tacuari

cj—33 3p my5

EMARY & CO's.

Ventilating Waterproof Coats.
Aguascutum.
Spanish Cloaks.
Ladies's Cloaks with hood.

To Be Had

To the Bengali,

FLORIDA 33 & 35

1..26 15p m

BRITISH LIBRARY.

IN accordance with the resolution of the general meeting held in the school room of the Scotch church on Friday evening 26th ult., the Committee will sell by auction amongst the subscribers to the Library all the Books, Periodicals and Fixtures. The auction will commence at 7.30 p.m. on Friday 10th inst. in the house of business of Messrs. Kerr and Grierson, No. 165 Calle Piedad.

M. FORRESTER,
Hon. Sec.

A CARD.

Madame Laforgue,

Advises her Lady Customers that she has to-day received the SECOND contingent of novelties for the season comprising Hats, Bonnets, Cloaks and Dresses.

129—San Martin—129.

1..38 14p m5

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

English Boot Shop

19—DEFENSA—19

Just Received, a large and varied assortment of Cloth Boots for Ladies and Gentlemen.

h..41 3p m5

Athletic Sports.

WHITE DRILL OR DUCK BOOTS.

40½—San Martin—40½.

h..36 6p m5

JACOBA-

The Consignees of

G & E 301|500—200 V C

Two Hundred Boxes Candles
From Rotterdam,

Are requested to communicate their names to the consignees of the vessel—

MOORE & TUDOR,
Calle Maipu No. 67.

1..28 2p m4

ADAMS & CO.

Advertising Agency.

47—RECONQUISTA—47

Elegant Business Cards placed in the Cars of the
ARGENTINE TRAMWAY COMPANY,
For $50 to $100 m|c per year.
Samples to be seen at our Office.

We also have the privilege of placing Show Cards on the Steamer Lines leaving Buenos Ayres.

Designs for all kinds of Commercial and Theatrical Advertising furnished and executed at

MODERATE PRICES,

Look out for our Canvassers.

ADAMS & CO.,

47—RECONQUISTA—47

cj—37 8p my5

A RARE CHANCE

MAGAZINES.

A few numbers of above have been received per last mail, and are now offered for sale, some from the beginning of the year and others up to March, viz:—

Harper's Bazaar, Frank Leslies Weekly Illustrated, Macmillan's Magazine, Ladies Repository, Youths' Play Hour, Little Folks, Infants Delight, Sunday Friend, Infants Magazine, Children's Friend, Band of Hope Review, Family Friend, Temple Bar, Leisure Hour, The Quiver, Gentleman's Journal, Cornhill Magazine, People's Magazine, Once a Week, Blackwood's Edinburgh rough Magazine, Vanity Fair, Chamber's Journal, Bow Bells.

Also single copies of 1871, viz; Young Ladies Journal, London do., Leisure Hours, Sunday at Home, Once a Week, Temple Bar, Godey's Lady's Book, Christmas Numbers, Ladies Repository, &c.

LIBRERIA ANGLO-AMERICANA,
141—Calle Piedad—141

Wm. P. Daws,

Bookseller, Stationer, and Newsvender.

NOTE.—All kinds of second hand books bought and sold, &c.

cj—265 6p my6

TO ENGLISH TRAVELLERS

Englishmen, and others visiting Buenos Ayres, will find every home comfort at the Hotel de la Paix, which is the largest and best in this city.

Charge are most Moderate.
Wines Superb.
Table d'Hote on Europe
Board, with Room, Gas-lights, and Attendance
HOTEL DE LA PAZ,
Corner of Cangallo and Reconquista.

jc—a27

MERCERIA DE LA PAZ.

KID GLOVES.
Pinet and Grenoble, Makers.
Warranted superior to Jourin.

MERCERIA DE LA PAZ,
82—Reconquista—82

cj—236 xp mh27

NOTICE TO SHIPOWNERS AND SHIPMASTERS.

The Marine Railway at Colonia being in working order, public attention is called to the following Tariff of Charges, a deduction of 25 per cent. having been made since the 1st of July, 1871:—

Sailing Vessels and Steamers of over one hundred [100] tons, English or American builder's measurement, will pay a rate of seventy five (0.75) cents per ton gold, for being taken up. Each nominal horse power of engine in steamers, will be charged for as an additional ton of measurement.

Sailing Vessels or Steamers, whose entire registered tonnage and horse power of engine does not equal one hundred (100) tons, will pay the rate of one hundred [100] tons.

All cargo will pay one dollar, twelve and a-half (12½) cents in gold; per ton, for being taken up, and the regular rates for laying on.

For laying on the Rail way, from the hour the Vessel or Steamer is properly up, for each twenty-four (24) hours, fifty-six and a-quarter (56¼) cents. per ton, in gold, and any twenty-four (24) hours entered upon will be charged as a full day.

Vessels and Steamers must be provided with sufficient crew and lines while being moved into or out of the cradle.

Wrecked Vessels or Steamers, whose bottoms rebroken, will not be taken at the regular rates, but must make an especial agreement with the Company's Agent at Colonia.

No charge will be made while laying on, for Sundays or stormy days, when no work can be done below the load line of the Vessel or steamer.

Railway Bills must be cashed, or acceptably provided for, before the Vessel or Steamer will be launched, and any detention of the Railway for the settlement of Bills will be charged at full rates.

A fine Machine Shop, Blacksmith Shop, and Brass Foundry connected with the Establishment. Machinists, Boiler-makers, and Shipcarpenters always on hand; and Shipowners will find it to their advantage to have all their work contracted for at the Dock.

The Company have immense Barracas ready for the storage of cargoes, with Wharves, Launches, &c.

B. D. MANTON, Agent.

RUBIO & FOLEY,
Agents in Buenos Ayres.

BOOTS and SHOES.

CHEAP AND DURABLE.

No. 19 CALLE DEFENSA.

(Mr. FLEMING'S OLD PREMISES)

Always on hand, a choice supply of BOOTS and SHOES of the best quality for Ladies, Gentlemen, and Children. They are of the best ENGLISH MANUFACTURE, and only found at this ESTABLISHMENT.

cj—36 1m my5

SEWING MACHINES.

A large and varied assortment on hand. Warranted to work well. They are all of the best inventions, and of different prices.

JOHN SHAW,
206—Venezuela—206.

Dr. Jackson's

Balsamic Pectoral

This is a new and certain cure for
CATARRH, INFLUENZA,
COLDS,
Accompanied with Cough,
ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, HOOPING COUGH, AND PULMONARY CONSUMPTION.

Prepared at the Laboratory of the London and Liverpool Pharmacy,
10——COLLEGE-LANE——10
LIVERPOOL.

Dr. JACKSON'S BALSAMIC PECTORAL.

Is a remedy long employed by the eminent Physician whose name it bears, and is carefully prepared from the original Recipe by the present Proprietors. It is composed entirely of vegetable products, and combines valuable expectorant qualities with those of a soothing curative nature. It has already won golden opinions in Europe by its wondrous effect in allaying pulmonary irritation, and its promoting a healthy action of the membranes lining the throat and lungs, arresting the progress of disease and decay, and even, when used at an early stage, arresting that most terrible of chest diseases—Pulmonary Consumption.

The value of a remedy, within the reach of all, which by its therapeutic action controls and cures a vast bulk of the diseases to which mankind is liable, cannot be overrated. A brief notice accompanying each bottle, of the principal complaints for which it is specially applicable will be found useful; and, instead of presenting a host of testimonials of more or less value the Proprietor simply begs "One Trial," which will far better establish its reputation and gain the confidence of those who need the relief it affords than the repeated experiences of other sufferers, all of whom may be strangers to the patient

Sold in Bottles at $12 and 20, at—
CRANWELL, BROTHERS, and CO., 30 Rivadavia.
P. MURRAY and CO., 196 Florida.
PODESTA, corner of Cangallo and Suipacha
BOZZETTI, Santiago del Estero 145.
W. CRANWELL and CO., 25 de Mayo, Montevideo,
And by all respectable Chemists in the Argentine Republic and Montevideo.

cj—225 1m a7

JOINERS

WANTED, AT THE "CENTRAL STATION.

PASEO DE JULIO.

cj—30 6p my4

MAIL FOR MONTEVIDEO, BRAZIL AND EUROPE,

Will be forwarded per S S. FLAMSTEED, on the 9th inst. Correspondence will be received on said day up to 11 a.m., at the Central Post-office, and up to 11½ a.m., at the Maritime Branch,

General Post office, May 6, 1872.

cj—my7 The SECRETARY.

Bristol's sarsaparilla

Is prepared in the most scientific manner, by thoroughly educated chemists and Druggists, who have had many years' experience. It is not a simple extract from one article, but is compounded of extracts from a number of Roots, Herbs Barks, and Leaves, all of which are possessed of some particular virtue or power in curing the diseases that have their source in the blood and humors; these different vegetable extracts are combined in such a way as to retain, in so full strength, the special curative virtue possessed by each. The root of the Sarsaparilla plants found in Honduras, is that which we use in this preparation; it is the kind which all medical men esteem most. About fifty per cent. of Bristol's Sarsaparilla consists of the concentrated extract, the remainder, as above stated being composed of extracts from other powerful, cleansing and healing vehetable substances. It does not contain any thing that is dagerous or injurious to health, and in this, as in nearly every other respect, is entirely different from all other preparations sold under the name of Sarsaparilla.

By having our own agents at he places where the various roots, drugs, herbs and plants, composing our medicines, are produced, we are enabled to exercise that constant care in selection which insures uniuformity of excellence, and we spare no money and no effort to procure the best—and only the best—of every article entering into their composition; and it is with the most abiding confidence we say, to be sick of all nations and all countries, that, in Bristol's Sarsaparilla you have a remedy more reliable than any before offered to you, and which will no disappoint you in the cure of.

Salt Rheum, Tetter, Scald Head,
Syphilis, or Veneral Disease,
Nervous and General Debility,
Old Sores, Ulcers, Tumors,
Abscesses, Boils, Eruptions
Scrofula or King's Evil,
Female Derangements,
White Swellings,
Fever and Ague,
Chills and Fever,
& Dumb Ague.

As a means of building up the consiitution that has been broken down by the excessive use of Mercury, Iron, or other Minerals, our Sarsaparilla will be found most excellent, and can be administered with safety to the weakest patients. As a purifier of the blood and humors, in the Spring and early Summer, it will the found unfailing. It can be taken freely at seasons, rainy or dry. For some of the above diseases, the use of the Sarsaparilly must be continued a considerable time, especially for those that are hereditary or constitutional in their nature—such as Scrofula: but a faithful compliance with the directions will always relieve and mitigate, and in a great majority of cases will effect a complete cure. It will also be found, in all of the above diseases, that a cure will be greatly hasted by using our Bristol's Sugar-coated Pills, in moderate does, in connection with the Sarsaparilla; they carry off large quantities of morbific or diseased matter set free in the system by the Sarsaparilla, and in this way facilitate she return of normal functional operations. cj—my1

GLASGOW AND SOUTH AMERICAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

GLASGOW AND RIVER PLATE LINE.

The splendid new and powerful Screw Steamship
"ALPS,"
Classed 100 A (highest class), at Lloyd's,
1450 Tons Register,
Captain WEBSTER,
Carrying Cargo, Passengers, and Specie,
Will be despatched for
LIVERPOOL,
Direct.
Calling at Montevideo and Rio de Jeneiro, on or about
WEDNESDAY, the 8th MAY.

Cargo will be received on board until Noon on the day of sailing, for the above-mentioned Ports.

Specie and Parcels on terms arranged with the undersigned.

This Line of Steamers has excellent accommodation for Cabin and Steerage Passengers, at the following

RATES:

Antwerp	£35 ster.
Glasgow	35 "
Liverpool	35 "

The usual allowance made to families.
Steerage passengers as per arrangement.
Return Tickets are granted to First-class Passengers, at the usual Reduction, available for Twelve Months.
All the Steamers of this Line are built expressly for this trade, and present unrivalled opportunities for shippers both to and from this Port.
For further particulars please apply to the Agents—
CHAS. WM. BENN and CO.,
Calle 25 de Mayo, No. 49.

cj—231 15p my7

LIVERPOOL, BRAZIL, AND RIVER PLATE STEAMERS.

MESSRS. LAMPORT AND HOLT'S LINE

The Steamship
PTOLOMY,
1115 Tons,
YAXLEY, Commander,
Will be despatched from Rosario on the 13th May, San Nicolas 16th, and from
THIS PORT
On the 20 h MAY,
FOR
ANTWERP
And
LIVERPOOL,
Via Montevideo, Brazil, and Southampton.

Cargo will be received on board until noon on the day of sailing. Parcels and specie (freight on latter ½ per cent.) at the Agent's Office on same day.

These steamers have excellent accommodation for Passengers, and carry Surgeons and Stewardesses.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

Liverpool, first-class	£35 ster.
Antwerp	35 "
Rio Janeiro	f. 50 "
Liverpool, 2d class	£15 "
Antwerp	17 10
Rio Janeiro	f. 25 "

First-class Return Tickets to Liverpool, with a deduction of 25 per cent, issued, available for Twelve Months.

TICKETS granted to parties here wishing to bring out their friends from England.

Apply to the Agents,
HENRY A. GREEN and CO.;
or to the Brokers,
GREEN, LE ROSSIGNOL and CO.,

ej..my7 62 and 64 Reconquista.

J. LIVESEYS PATENT PERMANENT WAY MATERIAL.

For Main Lines, Light Railways, and Street Tramways.

J. Livesey's Patent Cast and Wrought Iron Sleepers, or Compound Sleepers of Wood and Iron, possess a degree of elasticity equal to any timber road, and are adapted for heavy and light railways or street tramways.

They are peculiarly simple in construction; the keys for tightening the rails are of iron, and are so arranged that no vibration can loosen them.

Nearly one thousand five hundred miles of Railway have been laid with them, and this system has been almost universally adopted by tramway companies.

Sole agent for J. Livesey in Buenos Ayres—
WELLS HOOD, ESQ.,
32 Reconquista.

cj | 281 xp a14

Agricultural Seeds.

Alfalfa Red and White Clover.

Permanent
PASTURE AND RYE GRASS SEEDS.
The Best
Tree, Shrub, Vegetable, and Flower Seeds,
FROM
Prussia, Belgium, England & France.

from
HOLLAND AND GERMANY
ALL
CLASSES OF BULBS.
Hyacinthes and Hyacinthe Glasses.
PLANTS OF
LARCH, FIR, PINE,
ROSETREES AND ENGLISH VINES,
CURRANTS, GOOSEBERRY,
AND
RASPBERRY, &c.

FIXED PRICES.

ALL SEEDS AND PLANTS
Can be had at the

Quinta Esperimental,

125 CALLE LOREA 125.

VEGETABLE SEEDS,
at the
English Stores.

FLOWER SEEDS,
at the
Book-Stores,
and
75 Calle San Martin.
LIKEWISE
In Chivilcoy & Rosario.

FRANCISCO X. PIPPET.
BUEFOS AYRES.

1..21 1m m4

THREAD.

BEST 6-CORD COTTONS.
JUST RECEIVED.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT
OF
LINEN THREAD.

Osborne & Lever,

53—CALLE CHACABUCO—53

cj—76 14p a7

LIVERPOOL, BRAZIL, AND RIVER PLATE MAIL STEAMERS.

LAMPORT AND HOLT'S LINE.

CARRYING H.B.M.'s MAILS.

The Steamship
FLAMSTEED,
1376 Tons,
PAUL, Master,
Will be despatched
On THURSDAY 9th MAY,
For
ANTWERP.
Calling at Montevideo and Rio Janeiro.

Cargo will be received on board until noon on the day of sailing.

Freight and Specie one-half per Cent.

Parcels and Specie at the Office of the Undersigned until one p.m. of said day.

This Steamer has excellent accommodation for Passengers, and carry Surgeon and Stewardess.

Passengers mails, and Specie for England landed at Southampton.

REDUCTION IN RATES OF PASSAGE

First Class to Liverpool, London, Glasgow, or Antwerp	£35 ster.
Antwerp, 3d	17 10
Liverpool,	15 0

The usual allowance made to families.

First-class Return Tickets available for Twelve Months, issued to all parts on reasonable terms.

Apply to the Agents—
JOHN P. BOYD and CO.,
56 San Martin.

cj—177 15p mq1

Sociedad Anonima.

CONSUMIDORES
DE
GAS CARBONICO.

CAPITAL, $600,000 ftes
Dividido en 12,000 Acciones de á 50 ftes Cada Una.

DIRECTORES.

Dr. Don Cosme Beccar, Presidente
" Francisco Bustamante, Secretario.
" Juan Videla, Tesorero.
" Benjamin Nazar } Vocales
" Adolfo Schulte }

Habiendo sido aprobados los Estatutos de esta Sociedad por el Supr. Gobierno, se avisa al publico, con preferencia á los consumidores de gas, que queda abierta la suscricion al resto de las acciones durante el termino de 30 dias, ocurriendo al Domicilio de los Sres, Directores, o al escritorio de la Compañia,
FLORIDA, No 63½.

Buenos Aires, 28 de Abril de 1872.
EL DIRECTORIO.

ej—272 1m my2

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF LONDON.
ESTABLISHED 1803.
CAPITAL:
£1,600,000 STERLING.

The undersigned are duly authorised to transact a General Fire Insurance Business in this country.

The reputation and standing which this Company has secured during the sixty-six years it has transacted Business throughout the world, together with the large and undoubted security which is offered for all its obligations, will, it is hoped, secure for it a share of the public patronage,

The most liberal rates offered, and Losses adusted without reference to the Head Office.

MANTELS AND PFEIFFER,
Agents,
19—CALLE CHACABUCO—21

t 176,xp,sepp d6

COMMERCIAL.

HUGO, BUNGE, & Co. beg to inform the Commercial community that Mr. ADOLPHUS CARIUS and Mr. HENRY FALLENSTEIN have entered as Partners in their firm.

Buenos Ayres, 1st May, 1872.

h—19 6p my7

THE

LIVERPOOL AND LONDON AND GLOBE INSURANCE COMPANY.

Capital:
TWO MILLIONS STERLING.

In addition to the unlimited liability of upwards of One Thousand Proprietors, the Company has

INVESTED FUNDS

to the extent of £3,680,615 sterling, and an ANNUAL REVENUE of £1,347,146 sterling.

The undersigned having been appointed Agents for the above Company, are prepared to effect Insurances against losses by Fire on Buildings, and Merchandise in Private Stores, Custom-house Proper and Bonded Stores; also on Private Dwellings and Quinta Houses, in or out of the City, at favorable rates.

Settlements for losses arranged here by the Agents under a Power of Attorney, without reference to the head office.

Apply between Eleven and Three daily, to
F. NEILD and CO.,
164 Calle Piedad.

308 xp

LETTERS.

E. Colton, Joseph Nosk, W. M'Loughlin.

The fine fast floating Palace,

REPUBLICA.

Captain T. W. MORSE.

The above splendid Vessel will sail for Asuncion, calling at San Nicolas, Rosario, Parana La Paz, Esquina, Goya, Bella Vista, Corrientes Cerrito, Humaita, on

EVERY "SUNDAY."

For Freight and Passage apply to the Brokers
RUBIO and FOLEY,
81 and 83 Calle Reconquista.

bj—182 xp m18

Watson's Casino

65 CALLE SAN MARTIN.

THE CHEAPEST AND MOST CENTRAL HOUSE IN TOWN.

Board, by Month	$650
Single Dinners	20
Breakfasts	16

PRIVATE DINNER ROOMS.

Furnished Apartments.
Wines, Spirits, Beers, and Liquors of all kinds.

HOTEL BELGRANO.
Furnished Apartments—Private Dining Rooms

ENGLISH BILLIARD ROOM.

cj—49 1m a26

Northern Railway.

The Confiteria at the Retiro Station is to be Let from the 1st June next. Applications to rent the same may be made to the Undersigned on or before the 20th instant, on which date the selection will be made.

Retire, 4th May, 1872.

HENRY CRABTREE.

h..40 16p m5

NOTICE.

FROM THIS DATE the undersigned has established a House in this City for Commission Business and the receiving of Produce.

Buenos Ayres, May 1st. 1872.

ANDREW MILLER,
259 Calle Victoria.

h..44 8p m5

New Advertising Letters

Show-boards & Notices

MACKERN BROS.,

44—SAN MARTIN—44

For Formation of

For Shop Windows, &c.

h..32 6p m4

EL MEJOR
DE
TODOS LOS COGNACS
ES EL DE

Otard, Dupuis y Cia.

PRIMER PREMIO,
á la Exposicion de Cordoba,
MEDALLA DE PLATA,

Unicos Agentes,
BARRAN Y BRIET,
143—Peru—143

Complete Operas

FOR
VOICE AND PIANO ACCOMPANIMENT.

Price 25 Dollars

ENGLISH AND ITALIAN WORDS.

Lucia de Lammermoor,	Don Giovanni,
Il Barbiere,	Don Pasquale,
La Sonnambula,	Il Trovatore,
Faust,	Figlia del Reggimento,
Rigoletto,	La Traviata,
Un Ballo in Maschera,	I Puritani,
Fidelio,	Marta,
Norma,	Der Freischutz.
Lucrezia Borgia,	

Price 50 Dollars each, being Double Volumes.

Des Huguenots,	Guglielm's Tell.
Roberto il Diavolo,	

ALSO
The MAZURKAS and WALTZES
OF
FREDK. CHOPIN,
In one Volume, Blue and Gold,
Price 35 Dollars.

MACKERN, BROTHERS,
44—San Martin—44

NORTHERN RAILWAY.

ATHLETIC SPORTS AT PALERMO,
ON
THURSDAY, 9th MAY.

Trains will run every half hour between 25 de Mayo, Retiro, and Palermo, from 9.50 a.m., until the conclusion of the Sports.

Retiro, 1st May, 1872.

HENRY CRABTREE.

cj | 17 8p my4

DONATIONS

RECEIVED by the SISTERS of MERCY During the month of APRIL:

Mrs. Norris	$1,000
Mr. Patrick Kelly	400

cj—my4

CHAS. F. ACKERLEY,

PRODUCE BROKER,
AND
GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT.

62—CALLE ZAVALA—62
MONTEVIDEO.

cj—197 1m a21

Everton Toffee.

Is recommended by the
FACULTY
For the cure of Coughs, Colds, and Sore Throats.

TURMEAU,
29——CALLE MAIPU——29

cj—21 6p my4

SADDLES.

JUST RECEIVED.

1 Gentleman's saddle,	
1 Lady's,	do with hunting pommel
1 Boy's	do
1 Girl's	do

On view at the Office of JOHN FORREST and Co., 25 de Mayo, No. 44.

cj—22 12p my4

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